

Financial Statements June 30, 2022

Watertown School District No. 14-4



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Watertown School District No. 14-4 Watertown, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified, Unmodified, and Disclaimer of Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Watertown School District No. 14-4 (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying financial statements of the discretely presented component unit of the School District. Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit.

Qualified Opinions on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information and Governmental Activities

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the aggregate remaining fund information and governmental activities of the School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions on the Business-Type Activities and Each Major Fund

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit

The financial statements of the Lake Area Technical College Foundation have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit the Lake Area Technical College Foundation's financial statements as part of our audit of the School District's basic financial statements. The Lake Area Technical College Foundation's financial activities, excluding the required financial statement footnotes, are included in the School District's basic financial statements as a discretely presented component unit and are comprised of approprimately \$28,796,845 of assets, \$995,392 of liabilities, and \$27,801,453 of net position.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Watertown School District No. 14-4 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinions on the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information and Governmental Activities

The financial statements of the Arrow Education Foundation have not been audited, and we were not engaged to audit the Arrow Eduction Foundation's financial statements as part of our audit of the School District's basic financial statements. The Arrow Education Foundation's financial activities, excluding the required financial statement footnotes, are included in the School District's basic financial statements as a blended component unit presented as a special revenue fund and represent 21%, 25%, and 1% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the School District's aggregate remaining fund information. The Arrow Education Foundation's financial activities, excluding the required financial statement footnotes, being included in the School District's basic financial statements as a blended component unit presented as a special revenue fund, therefore, also are included within the governmental activities and represent 2%, 3%, and less than 1% of the assets, net position, and revenues, respectively, of the School District's governmental activities.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Watertown School District No. 14-4's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Discretely Presented Component Unit

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the School District's financial statements in accordance with GAAS and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Comonent Unit section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Governmental Activities, the Business-Type Activities, Each Major Fund, and the Aggregate Remaining Fund Information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability (asset), schedule of employer's contributions, and schedule of changes in the School District's total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Watertown School District No. 14-4's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter disclosed in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion on the Discretely Presented Component Unit section of our report, it is inappropriate to, and we do not, express an opinion in relation to the basis financial statements as a whole on the supplementary information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2023, on our consideration of Watertown School District No. 14-4's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School Disctrict's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Aberdeen, South Dakota

Ede Sailly LLP

January 20, 2023

This section of the annual financial report of the Watertown School District No. 14-4 (the District) presents Management's Discussion and Analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2022. This MD&A is to be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District continues to maintain an adequate financial position in all major funds with indication as in prior years that the Special Education Fund is identified at concern status with a fund balance operation at 9.7% of expenditures. This percent has increased and maintained over prior years and therefore the District continues to analyze the operation and review additional funding that is available through the State through the Extraordinary Cost Fund. The ending fund balance in the General Fund is 28.2% of expenditures, which is an anticipated 3.1% decrease from the prior year. The fund balance percentage is based on the most current year's total expenditures in the fund being analyzed. Increased federal funding related to ESSER allocations has allowed the District flexibility in the anticipated transfer in from the Capital Outlay Fund. Under cash limiting legislation, schools are not allowed to have their lowest month ending cash balance in an amount in excess of 25% of the prior year's expenditures. Due to the amount of federal funding allocated to public school districts as a result of the coronavirus pandemic, the School Finance Accountability Board with the approval of the Joint Committee on Appropriations passed two resolutions in regard to the monthly cash balance accounting. The resolution provides a complete waiver of excess cash balance penalties applicable to general state aid in FY2022 as well as FY2023. The ending fund balance of the General Fund on June 30, 2022 was \$7,941,297.
- The District's net position from governmental and business-type activities increased by \$9,366,343 or 10.74% resulting in a net position of \$93,105,868 within the governmental funds. Total fund balances for the governmental funds decreased by \$15,314,297 with capital assets noting an increase of \$11,753,332. Another notable change is that the pension related deferred outflows/inflows increased by \$2,959,772. The change is a direct component of the pension liability (asset) and is not reflected in the governmental funds.
- During the year, the District's total revenues of \$99,854,105 were composed of revenue reported under governmental activities at 93% with the other 7% as reported under Business-type activities. Revenue generation was in large part contributed to property taxes and related revenue coming in at \$21,402,879, State Aid, and other operating grants and contributions to the District.
- The Capital Outlay Fund had an ending fund balance at June 30, 2022 of \$10,038,294 with revenues reported at \$9,377,441 and expenditures at \$22,196,335. The expenditures over revenue were anticipated as the District spends down capital outlay certificate dollars in support of the High School renovation. The District as of June 30, 2022 had remaining commitments of approximately \$1,500,000 related to the renovation.

- The Special Education Fund had revenue exceed expenditures and created an ending fund balance on June 30, 2022 of \$678,200, an increase of \$306,667 from the previous fiscal year. This Fund is identified at concern status with a fund balance operation at 9.7% of expenditures. A comfortable level of funding operation within the Special Education Fund would be a 15% fund balance operation.
- The financial activity of the Lake Area Technical College Fund reflects an anticipated decrease with an ending fund balance as of June 30, 2022 of \$8,587,259. Revenue came in at \$29,318,211 and expenditures at \$30,927,199. Expenditures account for construction in progress of both the Diesel Expansion and Archway project.
- The District as of June 30, 2022 had remaining commitments of approximately \$1,500,000 related to the
 Watertown High School Remodel Project, remaining commitments of approximately \$230,000 related to
 HVAC upgrades at the elementary schools and Intermediate School, remaining commitments of
 approximately \$6,150,000 related to the Diesel Expansion project at LATC, and remaining commitments of
 approximately \$20,915,000 related to the Archway project at LATC.
- Long term debt payable at June 30, 2022 was comprised of Capital Outlay Certificate Debt in the amount
 of \$24,905,000 and unamortized premium in the amount of \$3,637,163. Additionally, the District
 recognizes its Early Retirement Plan obligation as long-term debt and at year-end that payable amount is
 \$1,153,747 of which the District's General Fund and LATC Post Secondary Fund is responsible for
 respective payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- Governmental fund statements tell how general District services were financed in short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business.

The financial statements also include notes that provide further explanation of some of the information in the financial statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure A-1

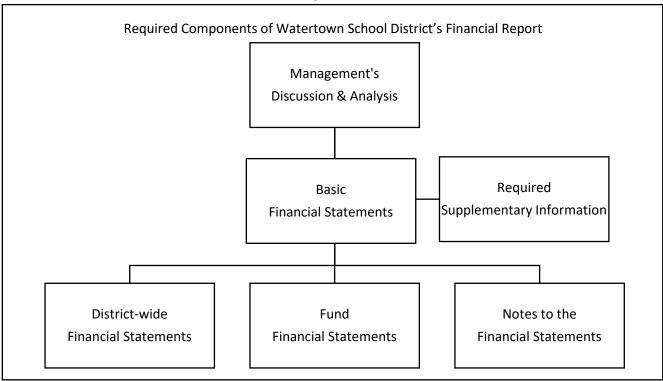


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2 Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements											
	Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements										
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds							
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as General, Special Education and Capital Outlay	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses, such as food service and student services	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities							
Required financial statements changes	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Exchanges and Changes in Fund Net Positions Statement of Cash Flows	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 							
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus							
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term debt included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.							
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid							

Government-Wide statements report information about the District as a whole, using accounting methods similar to those used by the private sector. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net positions are the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and are one way to measure the District's financial position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net positions are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- Additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base, condition of facilities
 and equipment, District enrollment trends and changes in the school aid funding formula from the State of
 South Dakota need to be considered as well.

The government-wide financial statements divide the District's activities into three categories:

- Governmental Activities include the District's instructional and support service costs in the following
 funds: General Fund, Capital Outlay, Special Education, Post-Secondary, Financial Aid Fund and non-major
 governmental funds. Debt service payments and capital equipment purchases are also accounted for in
 Governmental Activities. The financial support of Governmental Activities is derived mainly through
 property taxes, State aid, State and Federal grants, and the tuition and fees received by Lake Area
 Technical College.
- Business-type Activities are activities in which the District charges fees to assist with the cost of the services being provided. The Nutrition Services, Arena Concessions, Driver's Education, Pre-School Services, LATC Bookstore, LATC Food Service and LATC Educare Service are Business-type Activities of the District.
- Component Unit: The District separately reports the activity of LATC Foundation.

Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's individual funds and not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to track specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Law requires the use of certain funds and other funds are also used by the District to accommodate
 accounting and tracking of financial activities for varying purposes. The following are some of the funds
 used by the District and their general purpose.
 - General Fund general instructional operations of the District
 - Capital Outlay Fund capital type acquisitions (buildings, equipment & debt retirement)
 - Special Education Fund costs related to providing instruction and support services to students with special needs
 - Post Secondary Fund accommodates the operations of Lake Area Technical College (LATC)
 - Perkins Fund accommodates the financial assistance provided by the Federal Government in the form of student loans for the students at LATC
 - Financial Aid Fund accounts for student loans and college work study as provided by the Federal Government for LATC's students

The District has three types of funds:

• Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental fund statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

The Watertown School District has designated the General Fund, Capital Outlay Fund, Special Education Fund, Post Secondary Fund and Financial Aid Fund as its major funds. Therefore, information is presented separately for these funds in the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. Data for other governmental funds is provided in combined form.

- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges users a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are like government-wide statements in that they both provide short and longterm financial information.
 - Enterprise Funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the District's business-type activities reported on the government-wide financial statements and they provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
 - Internal Service Funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District operates the Selffunded Insurance Trust as an Internal Service Fund.
 - Component Unit Activities Arrow Education Foundation is an unaudited blended component unit
 reported separately as an independent corporation organized for the benefit of the School District. The
 primary focus of the Arrow Education Foundation is to support the advancement of education through
 scholarships and grants for costs associated with classroom activities and new program implementation
 for the benefit of students. The Arrow Education Foundation is financed by contributions and donations
 and earnings on investments.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position – The District's combined net position was as follows:

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

		nmental		ess-type	To	Total		
		vities		tivities			Percent	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	Change	
Current and Other Assets	\$67,388,148	\$71,753,812	\$4,367,338	\$3,057,549	\$71,755,486	\$74,811,361	-4.08%	
Net Pension Asset	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00%	
Capital Assets (Net Depreciation)	\$84,605,458	\$72,852,126	\$214,462	\$249,848	\$84,819,920	\$73,101,974	16.03%	
Total Assets	\$151,993,606	\$144,605,938	\$4,581,800	\$3,307,397	\$156,575,406	\$147,913,335	5.86%	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$15,754,434	\$10,612,255	\$485,018	\$303,812	\$16,239,452	\$10,916,067	48.77%	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$167,748,040	\$155,218,193	\$5,066,818	\$3,611,209	\$172,814,858	\$158,829,402	8.81%	
Long-term Debt Outstanding	\$26,927,284	\$28,548,100	\$0	\$0	\$26,927,284	\$28,548,100	-5.68%	
Other Liabilities	\$14,104,398	\$22,596,703	\$948,734	\$499,077	\$15,053,132	\$23,095,780	-34.82%	
Total Liabilities	\$41,031,682	\$51,144,803	\$948,734	\$499,077	\$41,980,416	\$51,643,880	-18.71%	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$33,610,490	\$19,765,657	\$684,034	\$246,291	\$34,294,524	\$20,011,948	71.37%	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$74,642,172	\$70,910,460	\$1,632,768	\$745,368	\$76,274,940	\$71,655,828	6.45%	
Net Position:								
Net Invested in Capital Assets	\$56,063,295	\$33,513,758	\$214,462	\$249,848	\$56,277,757	\$33,763,606	66.68%	
Restricted	\$27,650,738	\$39,160,519	\$155,052	\$59,401	\$27,805,790	\$39,219,920	-29.10%	
Unrestricted	\$9,391,835	\$11,633,456	\$3,064,535	\$2,556,592	\$12,456,370	\$14,190,048	-12.22%	
Total Net Position	\$93,105,868	\$84,307,733	\$3,434,049	\$2,865,841	\$96,539,917	\$87,173,574	10.74%	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and								
Net Position	\$167,748,040	\$155,218,193	\$5,066,818	\$3,611,209	\$172,814,858	\$158,829,402	8.81%	

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components – the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the District, consisting of Capital Outlay Certificate indebtedness, have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the District's assets and liabilities is its net position.

The District's investment in Capital Assets is noted at \$84,819,920 and reflects an increase of 16.03% from June 30, 2021. These Capital Assets are used to provide educational services; consequently, they are not available for future spending. The District's net investment in Capital Assets was \$56,277,757, an increase of 66.68% from June 30, 2021. Although the investment in Capital Assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the Capital Assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The total net position of the District increased by \$9,366,343 or 10.74%.

Statement of Changes in Net Position – The table below represents the District's changes in Net Position for Governmental and Business-type Activities.

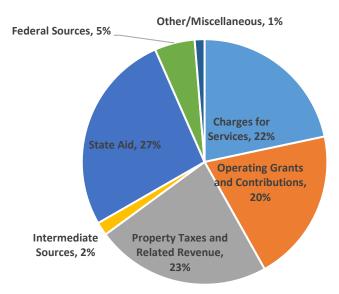
Changes in Watertown School District's Net Position

REVENUE: Activities Activities Activities Activities Activities Total Total REVENUE: 2021-22 2020-21 2021-22 2020-21 2021-22 2020-21 2021-22 2020-21 2020-22 2020-21 2020-22 2020-21 2020-22 2020-21 2020-22 2020-21 2020-22 2020-21 2020-22		Governmental	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type		
REVENUE: Program Revenue Charges for Services \$20,096,361 \$18,859,260 \$4,642,211 \$3,650,134 \$24,738,572 \$22,509,394 Operating Grants & Contributions \$18,725,400 \$21,994,801 \$2,510,357 \$1,937,861 \$21,235,757 \$2,3932,662 Capital Grants & Contributions \$4,784,641 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$4,784,641 \$0 General Revenue Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,699 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$50,685,91 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0,996,556 \$0 \$0		Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Program Revenue S20,096,361 \$18,859,260 \$4,642,211 \$3,650,134 \$24,738,572 \$22,509,394 Operating Grants & Contributions \$18,725,400 \$21,994,801 \$2,510,357 \$1,937,861 \$21,235,757 \$23,932,662 Capital Grants & Contributions \$4,784,641 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$4,784,641 \$0 General Revenue Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 Intermediate Sources \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$10,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$11,99,587 \$5,053,885 \$(36,603) \$14,706 \$1,62,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,890,742 EXPENSES: Instructi		2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Charges for Services \$20,096,361 \$18,859,260 \$4,642,211 \$3,650,134 \$24,738,572 \$22,509,394 Operating Grants & Contributions \$18,725,400 \$21,994,801 \$2,510,357 \$1,937,861 \$21,235,757 \$23,932,662 Capital Grants & Contributions \$4,784,641 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$4,784,641 \$0 General Revenue Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$16,372,88 \$308,812 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$100,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,053,885 \$(\$36,603) \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES:	REVENUE:						
Operating Grants & Contributions \$18,725,400 \$21,948,801 \$2,510,357 \$1,937,861 \$21,235,757 \$23,932,662 Capital Grants & Contributions \$4,784,641 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$4,784,641 \$0 General Revenue \$1,637,288 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 Intermediate Sources \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,053,885 \$(\$36,603) \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205	Program Revenue						
Capital Grants & Contributions \$4,784,641 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$4,784,641 \$0 General Revenue Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 Intermediate Sources \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,99,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$11,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,005 \$1,096,556 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$1,00,005 \$1,00,005 \$1,00,005 \$1,00,005 \$0 \$0<	Charges for Services	\$20,096,361	\$18,859,260	\$4,642,211	\$3,650,134	\$24,738,572	\$22,509,394
General Revenue Froperty Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,607,979 \$20,202,88 \$0 \$0 \$1,10,609 \$1,10,998 \$1,10,998 \$5,053,885 \$1,10,009 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Operating Grants & Contributions	\$18,725,400	\$21,994,801	\$2,510,357	\$1,937,861	\$21,235,757	\$23,932,662
Property Taxes and Related Revenue \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 \$0 \$0 \$21,402,879 \$20,854,479 Intermediate Sources \$1,637,288 \$308,812 \$0 \$0 \$1,637,288 \$308,812 State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,03,885 \$36,6603 \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,249,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752<	Capital Grants & Contributions	\$4,784,641	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,784,641	\$0
Intermediate Sources	General Revenue						
State Aid \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 \$0 \$0 \$24,761,979 \$20,820,248 Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,053,885 (\$36,603) \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 <t< td=""><td>Property Taxes and Related Revenue</td><td>\$21,402,879</td><td>\$20,854,479</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$0</td><td>\$21,402,879</td><td>\$20,854,479</td></t<>	Property Taxes and Related Revenue	\$21,402,879	\$20,854,479	\$0	\$0	\$21,402,879	\$20,854,479
Federal & Capital Grant Sources \$130,005 \$1,996,556 \$0 \$0 \$130,005 \$1,996,556 Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,053,885 (\$36,603) \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,310,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,945,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005	Intermediate Sources	\$1,637,288	\$308,812	\$0	\$0	\$1,637,288	\$308,812
Other/Miscellaneous \$1,199,587 \$5,053,885 (\$36,603) \$14,706 \$1,162,984 \$5,068,591 Total Revenue \$92,738,140 \$89,888,041 \$7,115,965 \$5,602,701 \$99,854,105 \$95,490,742 EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 </td <td>State Aid</td> <td>\$24,761,979</td> <td>\$20,820,248</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$0</td> <td>\$24,761,979</td> <td>\$20,820,248</td>	State Aid	\$24,761,979	\$20,820,248	\$0	\$0	\$24,761,979	\$20,820,248
EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,66,343 \$5,656,276	Federal & Capital Grant Sources	\$130,005	\$1,996,556	\$0	\$0	\$130,005	\$1,996,556
EXPENSES: Instruction \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 \$0 \$0 \$36,165,966 \$38,343,601 Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 \$3,0000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 \$67,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$5,357,135	Other/Miscellaneous	\$1,199,587	\$5,053,885	(\$36,603)	\$14,706	\$1,162,984	\$5,068,591
Instruction	Total Revenue	\$92,738,140	\$89,888,041	\$7,115,965	\$5,602,701	\$99,854,105	\$95,490,742
Instruction							
Support services \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 \$0 \$0 \$22,294,141 \$23,950,205 Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865	EXPENSES:						
Non-programmed Charges \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 \$0 \$0 \$22,216,782 \$18,995,888 Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning <	Instruction	\$36,165,966	\$38,343,601	\$0	\$0	\$36,165,966	\$38,343,601
Debt Service Payments \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 \$0 \$0 \$1,132,475 \$1,205,752 Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Support services	\$22,294,141	\$23,950,205	\$0	\$0	\$22,294,141	\$23,950,205
Co-curricular Costs \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 \$0 \$0 \$2,130,641 \$2,019,730 Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)	Non-programmed Charges	\$22,216,782	\$18,995,888	\$0	\$0	\$22,216,782	\$18,995,888
Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services \$0 \$0 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 \$2,749,989 \$2,364,787 Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)	Debt Service Payments	\$1,132,475	\$1,205,752	\$0	\$0	\$1,132,475	\$1,205,752
Student/Support Services \$0 \$0 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 \$3,797,768 \$2,954,503 Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)	Co-curricular Costs	\$2,130,641	\$2,019,730	\$0	\$0	\$2,130,641	\$2,019,730
Total Expense \$83,940,005 \$84,515,176 \$6,547,757 \$5,319,290 \$90,487,762 \$89,834,466 Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 \$(\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$7,335,713	Nutrition/Food/Concessions Services	\$0	\$0	\$2,749,989	\$2,364,787	\$2,749,989	\$2,364,787
Increase Before Transfers \$8,798,135 \$5,372,865 \$568,208 \$283,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$0	Student/Support Services	\$0	\$0	\$3,797,768	\$2,954,503	\$3,797,768	\$2,954,503
Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$7,335,713)	Total Expense	\$83,940,005	\$84,515,176	\$6,547,757	\$5,319,290	\$90,487,762	\$89,834,466
Transfer In/(Out) \$0 (\$30,000) \$0 \$30,000 \$0 \$0 Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 \$7,335,713)	Increase Refore Transfers	¢ Ω 7Ω0 12Ε	¢5 272 965	\$569.209	¢202 <i>1</i> 11	¢0 366 343	¢r
Changes in Net Position \$8,798,135 \$5,342,865 \$568,208 \$313,411 \$9,366,343 \$5,656,276 Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)					-		
Net Position - Beginning \$84,307,733 \$86,300,581 \$2,865,841 \$2,552,430 \$87,173,574 \$88,853,011 Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)	· · · · · · · · · -	<u>.</u>		<u> </u>			
Restatement \$0 (\$7,335,713) \$0 \$0 \$0 (\$7,335,713)	Changes in Net Position	\$8,798,135	\$5,342,865	\$568,208	\$313,411	\$9,366,343	\$5,656,276
(4,1982), 22	Net Position - Beginning	\$84,307,733	\$86,300,581	\$2,865,841	\$2,552,430	\$87,173,574	\$88,853,011
Net Position - Ending \$93,105,868 \$84,307,733 \$3,434,049 \$2,865,841 \$96,539,917 \$87,173,574	Restatement	\$0	(\$7,335,713)	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$7,335,713)
	Net Position - Ending	\$93,105,868	\$84,307,733	\$3,434,049	\$2,865,841	\$96,539,917	\$87,173,574

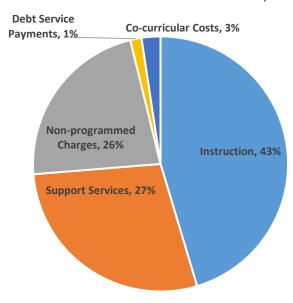
The District's total revenue in the amount of \$99,854,105 is 4.57% higher than the prior year. The expense total was .73% higher than the prior year in the amount of \$90,487,762. The increase in both revenue and expenditures is associated with the increased federal allocations received under the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund for K-12 education and the funding as allocated under the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund in support of Lake Area Technical College.

The following information illustrates the revenue and expense breakdown of the governmental funds. The graph demonstrates that the majority of the revenue consists of four main sources: State Aid - 27%, Property taxes and related revenue - 23%, Operating grants and contributions - 20% and charges for services - 22%. In comparing these percentages to that of the prior year, it illustrates that the percentage share of revenue received in relation to State and Federal sources has increased by 7% and the revenue from charges for services has increased by 1%. The percent of revenue received from property tax remained the same. The total revenue of the governmental activities was \$92,738,140 and the total expenditures were \$83,940,005 with the majority of the expenditures designated to instructional and support service costs.

Governmental Funds - Sources of Revenue - 2022







Governmental Funds - The focus of the Watertown School District's governmental funds is to provide information on current revenues, expenses and balances of available resources. This information is useful in assessing the District's current financial condition and will assist in the assessment of the District's projected financial position. The changes in the reserved and unreserved fund balances serve as a useful measure of the net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The District's governmental funds governmental activities ended the year with a combined net position of \$93,105,868. The majority of this amount is net investment in capital assets and restricted for Capital Outlay, Special Education, and Post-Secondary.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This information is in the form of budgetary comparison schedules for the District's five major funds; General Fund, Capital Outlay, Special Education, LATC Post Secondary Fund and Financial Aid Fund. These schedules are accompanied by notes to the required supplementary information which explain the schedules and contain certain other budgetary information.

The combining statements for the nonmajor funds referred to earlier are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on budgets.

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - The School Board has established its capitalization policy with the value of equipment to be listed at \$5,000 and building improvements at \$25,000. The changes in the Capital Assets of the District were caused by several different factors: purchases, disposals and current year depreciation.

The District ended the 2022 fiscal year with an investment of \$84,605,458 in a broad range of Capital Assets, including land, construction work in process, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. See table A-3 outlined below. This amount represents a net increase of \$11,753,332 or 16.08%.

Additional information on the School District's Capital Assets can be found in Note 4.

Table A-3
Watertown School District 14-4 Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business Activit	, · ·	Total Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22
Land	\$7,040,196	\$6,586,820	\$0	\$0	\$453,376	6.88%
Construction Work in Process	\$17,918,377	\$8,926,401	\$0	\$0	\$8,991,976	100.73%
Buildings and Improvements	\$49,931,078	\$49,763,960	\$0	\$0	\$167,118	.34%
Machinery and Equipment	\$9,715,807	\$7,574,945	\$214,462	\$249,848	\$2,105,476	26.91%
	\$84,605,458	\$72,852,126	\$214,462	\$249,848	\$11,753,332	16.08%

LONG-TERM DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District ended the 2022 fiscal year with \$29,695,910 noted as long-term debt. This is a decrease of \$10,437,237 or 26.01%. See table A-4 outlined below.

Additional information on the School District's long-term debt can be found in Note 5.

Table A-4
Watertown School District 14-4 Outstanding Debt and Obligations

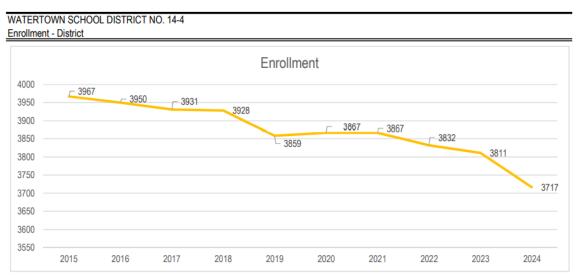
		Governmental Activities		-type :ies	Total Dollar Change	Total Percent Change
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2021-22
Capital Outlay Certificates	\$24,905,000	\$35,470,000	\$0	\$0	-\$10,565,000	-42.42%
Unamortized Premium	\$3,637,163	\$3,868,368	\$0	\$0	-\$231,205	-5.98%
Early Retirement	\$1,153,747	\$794,779	\$0	\$0	\$358,968	45.17%
	\$29,695,910	\$40,133,147	\$0	\$0	-\$10,437,237	-26.01%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared, the District was aware of the following circumstances that could significantly affect its financial condition in the future:

- The District has an assessed value of \$2,501,870,798 for taxes payable in 2022. The State aid formulas for the General Fund and Special Education funds are such that the District does not benefit from the growth in those funds. During the 2016 legislative session, modifications were made that eliminated the taxing authority for the Pension Fund in which has been transferred into the General Fund and limited the growth in the Capital Outlay Fund to the rate of inflation and new property growth. The Capital Outlay Fund no longer receives the full benefit of the increase in property value due to reassessments. The State Legislature annually sets the maximum tax levy amounts the District can request in all taxing funds except the Debt Service Fund, which is established by an approved resolution voted upon by District patrons.
- The primary source of revenue in the General Fund is based on the calculated State Aid formula in which received a 6.0% increase in the target salary amount for the 2022-23 year. The formula is driven by enrollment (see Figure A-5). The formula calculates a target student-to-teacher ratio, based on a sliding scale by student enrollment in which the District derives from a scale of 15 to 1. The District's target number of teachers is calculated by dividing the fall enrollment by the target student-to-teacher ratio. Instructional need is then calculated by multiplying the targeted number of teachers by the statewide target for average teacher salary, and increasing that total by 29% for benefits. The total instructional need is increased by 31% to cover non-instructional costs. This category includes operating costs as well as salaries and benefits of non-instructional staff, such as administrators, counselors, librarians, and school nurses. These steps calculate the District's total need for State Aid. Local effort is applied against the total need, with the State providing any necessary funds to achieve the total need as identified as State Aid.

Figure A-5
Watertown School District Past & Future Enrollment Forecast



- June 30, 2022
- On March 13, 2020 President Trump signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act in which \$13.5 billion was set aside for Elementary and Secondary schools to assist through the COVID-19 pandemic. At the time of this report, the Watertown School District has been awarded \$9,892,049 of federal funds related to funding education to assist schools through the COVID-19 pandemic. The total allocation consists of four separate funding rounds - CRF, ESSER I - II and - III. Each round comes with terms and regulations with the period of funding expanding by one year from the other. With the latest round, ESSER III including a funding period through September of 2024 – therefore accommodating three school years. Lake Area Technical College has been awarded \$9,757,177 of federal funds under HEERF with \$4,356,792 obligated to distribution to students. Funding obligation to term May of 2022.
- The High School Renovation Project began during the summer of 2020 with Gray Construction serving as the Construction Manager at Risk. The project is funded by Capital Outlay Certificates in the amount of \$15,000,000. The current contract for the project is \$13,658,089 with approved change orders to date of \$626,618 with a total contract sum to date of \$14,284,707. This contract total does not account for architectural support and a separate equipment/furniture allocation identified as \$735,000. Balance to finish, including retainage of the project is \$75,000.
- Lake Area Technical College accepted bids from Gray Construction for the Diesel Expansion project with a base bid of \$7,772,000 and a construction contingency of \$388,600, 5% of total bid, for a total construction cost of \$8,160,600. This bid contract does not account for architectural and equipment/furniture costs associated with the project. The project began during the spring of 2022.
- Lake Area Technical College accepted bids from Gray Construction for the Archway Complex project with a base bid of \$20,600,000 and a construction contingency of \$1,030,000, 5% of total bid, for a total construction cost of \$21,630,000. This bid contract does not account for architectural and equipment/furniture costs associated with the project. The project began during the fall of 2022.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors of the Watertown School District with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please feel free to contact the Watertown School District's Business Office, P.O. Box 730, Watertown, SD 57201.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

				Component
		Primary Governmen	<u>t</u>	Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	LATC Foundation
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,598,453	\$ 2,027,835	\$ 28,626,288	\$ 5,450,984
Investments	16,200,638	1,162,005	17,362,643	18,569,699
Taxes receivable	9,407,255	-	9,407,255	-
Other receivables	3,576,610	173,724	3,750,334	4,200,608
Interfund balances	(22,883)	22,883	-	-
Inventories	281,633	485,105	766,738	-
Prepaid expenses	2,000	141,718	143,718	-
Other assets	-	-	-	575 <i>,</i> 554
Net pension asset	11,344,442	354,068	11,698,510	-
Capital assets				
Land, improvements and				
construction in progress	24,958,573	-	24,958,573	-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	59,646,885	214,462	59,861,347	
	151 002 606	A E 9 1 9 0 0	156 575 406	20 706 045
Deferred Outflows of Resources	151,993,606	4,581,800	156,575,406	28,796,845
OPEB related deferred outflows	214,366		214,366	
Pension related deferred outflows	15,540,068	485,018	16,025,086	-
Perision related deferred outflows	13,340,006	463,016	10,023,060	
	15,754,434	485,018	16,239,452	
	\$ 167,748,040	\$ 5,066,818	\$ 172,814,858	\$ 28,796,845
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 3,602,754	\$ 362,395	\$ 3,965,149	\$ -
Other current liabilities	5,680,530	124,156	5,804,686	995,392
Unearned revenue	110,700	462,184	572,884	-
Noncurrent liabilities:	110,700	402,104	372,004	
Due within one year	2,768,626	_	2,768,626	_
Due in more than one year	26,927,284	_	26,927,284	_
Total OPEB liability	1,941,788	_	1,941,788	_
Total liabilities	41,031,682	948,735	41,980,417	995,392
	41,031,002	340,733	41,300,417	333,332
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related deferred inflows	953,521	-	953,521	-
Pension related deferred inflows	21,916,638	684,034	22,600,672	-
Taxes levied for future period	10,740,331		10,740,331	
	33,610,490	684,034	34,294,524	
N . B . W				
Net Position	FC 0C2 20F	244 462	FC 277 7F7	
Net investment in capital assets	56,063,295	214,462	56,277,757	-
Restricted for:	40.055.566		40.055.566	
Capital Outlay	10,055,566	-	10,055,566	-
Special Education	688,422	-	688,422	-
SDRS Pension Purposes	4,967,872	155,052	5,122,924	-
LATC Post Secondary	8,587,259	-	8,587,259	-
Perkins Loan	274,248	-	274,248	-
Arrow Education Foundation	3,077,371	-	3,077,371	-
LATC Foundation	-	-	-	27,801,453
Unrestricted	9,391,835	3,064,535	12,456,370	
Total net position	93,105,868	3,434,049	96,539,917	27,801,453
	\$ 167,748,040	\$ 5,066,818	\$ 172,814,858	\$ 28,796,845

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues		Ne	et (Expense) Revenu Changes in Net Posi		Component
		Character for	Operating	Capital	6	Primary Governm	ent	Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	LATC Foundation
Primary Government								
Governmental activities: Instruction Support services Community services Nonprogrammed charges Co-curricular activities *Interest on long-term debt	\$ 36,165,966 22,294,141 90,862 22,125,920 2,130,641 1,132,475	\$ 12,884,494 707,245 - 6,101,511 403,111	\$ 3,133,324 2,357,797 - 13,234,279	\$ 1,318,454 3,466,187 - - -	\$ (18,829,694) (15,762,912) (90,862) (2,790,130) (1,727,530) (1,132,475)	\$ - - - -	\$ (18,829,694) (15,762,912) (90,862) (2,790,130) (1,727,530) (1,132,475)	\$ - - - -
Total governmental activities	83,940,005	20,096,361	18,725,400	4,784,641	(40,333,603)		(40,333,603)	
Business-type activities: Food services Daycare and preschool Drivers education Bookstore Concessions	2,631,886 285,716 45,963 3,466,089 118,103	642,981 325,815 43,283 3,507,631 122,501	2,367,944 142,413 - -	- - - -	- - - -	379,039 182,512 (2,680) 41,542 4,398	379,039 182,512 (2,680) 41,542 4,398	- - - -
Total business-type activities	6,547,757	4,642,211	2,510,357			604,811	604,811	<u>-</u>
Total primary government	\$ 90,487,762	\$ 24,738,572	\$ 21,235,757	\$ 4,784,641	(40,333,603)	604,811	(39,728,792)	
Component Unit	\$ 2,729,350	\$ -	\$ 15,823,241					13,093,891
General Revenues Taxes: Property taxes Gross receipts tax Revenue from state sources: State aid Other Revenue from federal sources Unrestricted investment earnings (losses) Other general revenues					21,144,781 258,098 24,761,979 1,637,288 130,005 (576,181) 1,775,768	- - - - (36,603)	21,144,781 258,098 24,761,979 1,637,288 130,005 (612,784) 1,775,768	- - - - (1,734,780)
Total general revenues and special items					49,131,738	(36,603)	49,095,135	(1,734,780)
Change in Net Position					8,798,135	568,208	9,366,343	11,359,111
Net Position - Beginning					84,307,733	2,865,841	87,173,574	16,442,342
Net Position - Ending					\$ 93,105,868	\$ 3,434,049	\$ 96,539,917	\$ 27,801,453

^{*} The School District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	LATC Post Secondary Fund	Financial Aid Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets 101 Cash and cash equivalents 180 Investments 110 Taxes receivable - current 112 Taxes receivable - delinquent 120 Accounts receivable, net 123 Tuition receivable 140 Due from other government 150 Advance to imprest	\$ 5,908,770 4,167,776 4,468,634 31,571 10,492 - 1,161,755	\$ 7,200,883 4,207,467 3,038,700 17,272 - 391,637	\$ 758,424 487,564 1,840,856 10,222	\$ 6,039,668 4,475,942 - 45,740 16,419 1,164,683 60,000	\$ 6,335 - - - - - -	\$ 271,625 2,861,889 - - 227,338 - -	\$ 20,185,705 16,200,638 9,348,190 59,065 283,570 16,419 3,216,621 60,000
170 Inventory of supplies 192 Prepaid expenses	180,387 \$ 15,929,385	- - \$ 14,855,959	\$ 3,595,612	101,246 	- - \$ 6,335	2,000 \$ 3,362,852	281,633 2,000 \$ 49,653,841
Liabilities 402 Accounts payable 404 Contracts payable 410 Due to other fund 415 Amounts held for others 450 Payroll deductions and withholdings and employer matching payable	\$ 242,315 1,904,163 84,722	\$ 1,305,087	\$ 92,293 549,444 - - 147,997	\$ 1,659,888 1,199,503 22,883 37,074 286,391	\$ - - - -	\$ 11,233 - - - -	\$ 3,310,816 3,653,110 22,883 121,796 910,696
475 Unearned revenue Total liabilities	2,707,508	1,305,087	- 789,734	<u>110,700</u> 3,316,439		11,233	110,700 8,130,001
Deferred Inflows of Resources 551 Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes 552 Unavailable revenue - utility taxes 553 Taxes levied for future period	31,571 121,440 5,127,569	17,272 - 3,495,306	10,222 - 2,117,456			- - -	59,065 121,440 10,740,331
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,280,580	3,512,578	2,127,678	-	-	-	10,920,836
Fund Balances 710 Nonspendable for: Inventory 720 Restricted for:	180,387	-	-	101,246	-	-	281,633
Capital Outlay Special Education LATC Post Secondary Financial Aid Perkins	- - - -	10,038,294 - - - -	678,200 - - -	8,486,013 - -	- - - 6,335	- - - - 274,248	10,038,294 678,200 8,486,013 6,335 274,248
Arrow Education Foundation 760 Unassigned	- 7,760,910	-	-	-	-	3,077,371	3,077,371 7,760,910
Total fund balances	7,941,297	10,038,294	678,200	8,587,259	6,335	3,351,619	30,603,004
	\$ 15,929,385	\$ 14,855,959	\$ 3,595,612	\$ 11,903,698	\$ 6,335	\$ 3,362,852	\$ 49,653,841

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 30,603,004
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$139,354,701 and the accumulated depreciation is \$54,749,243.	84,605,458
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(26,058,747)
Unamortized balance of premiums on long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(3,637,163)
Assets such as taxes receivable (delinquent) and utility taxes are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	180,505
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	5,475,871
Interest expense payable is not included as a liability in the fund statements. Interest expense payable is included as a liability in the statement of net position.	(349,989)
OPEB obligations and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources do not represent available financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(2,680,943)
Net pension liability (asset), pension related deferred inflows of resources, and pension related deferred outflows of resources do not represent available financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	4,967,872
Net Position - Governmental Funds	\$ 93,105,868

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

1100 Revenue from local sources 1100 Revenue from local sources 1110 Ad valorem taxes 10,054,388 5,683,458 5,4,139,343 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Parameter	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	LATC Post Secondary Fund	Financial Aid Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
1100 Taxes: 1000 Faxes: 1000 Faxes 1000 Faxes 1000 Faxes 1000 Faxes 1100 Faxes 1	Revenues							
1110 Ad valorem taxes								
1120 Prior year's ad valorem taxes 30,781 21,191 12,199 -		¢ 10.0E4.299	¢ 60E21E0	¢ 4120242	ċ	ċ	ė	¢ 21.047.190
1140 Gross receipts taxes					, -	, -	- -	
1190 Penal tilne tens on taxes 13,807 9,579 5,648 - - 29,034 1210 Revenue in lile up of taxes 9,933 1400 Post secondary program tuttion and fees 1 1 1 15,000 1 138,00			21,191	12,199	-	-	-	
1210 Revenue in lieu of taxes		•	0.570	- - C40	-	-	-	
1400 Post secondary program tuition and fees			9,579	5,648	-	-	-	
1500 Earmings (losses) on investments and deposits 131,549 (107,975) (15,821) (15,821) (138,265) 1700 Co-curricular activities: 1710 Admissions 60,455 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		9,933	-	-	7 464 572	-	-	•
1700 Co-curricular activities: 1710 Admissions 60,455		(121 540)	(107.075)	- (1E 021)		-	(100.245)	
1710 Admissions 60,455 60,455 1790 Other student activity income 342,656 1800 Post secondary:		(131,549)	(107,975)	(15,821)	(138,265)	-	(189,245)	(582,855)
1790 Other student activity income 1800 Post secondary: 1820 Resales/services - occupational programs 1830 Resales/services - occupational programs 1840 State fees 1840 State fees 1840 State fees 1850 Corporate education fees 1850 Corporate education fees 1850 Local fees 1850		50.455						60.455
1800 Post secondary: 1820 Resales/services - occupational programs 1830 Resales/services - occupational programs 1830 Resales/services - parts department 1840 State fees 1850 Corporate education fees 1850 Corporate f			-	-	-	-	-	
1820 Resales/services - occupational programs		342,656	-	-	-	-	-	342,656
1830 Resales/services - parts department								
1840 State fees	1820 Resales/services - occupational programs	-	-	-		-	-	
1850 Corporate education fees - - 335,874 - - 335,874 1860 Local fees - - 3,865,298 - 806 3,866,104 1900 Other revenue from local sources: 1910 Rentals 123,536 - - 277,169 - 400,705 1920 Contributions and donations - - - 277,183 - 239,971 512,154 1970 Charges for services 55,747 - 58,109 - - - - 113,856 1990 Other 421,264 117,720 58,109 - - - - 113,856 1990 Other mitermediate sources - - - - - - - 113,856 2000 Revenue from intermediate sources - - - - - - - 113,856 2100 County sources: - - - - - - - - 438,757 2200 Revenue from state sources - - - - - - 19,869 3100 Interstricted grants-in-aid - - - - - - - - - - - -		-	-	-		-	-	,
1860 Local fees		-	-	-	,	-	-	,
1900 Other revenue from local sources:		-	-	-		-	-	
1910 Rentals 123,536 - 277,169 - 400,705 1920 Contributions and donations 55,747 - 58,109 - 272,183 - 239,971 512,154 1970 Charges for services 55,747 - 58,109 - 272,183 - 239,971 512,154 1990 Other 421,264 117,720 5,391 842,743 27,534 56,449 1,471,101 2000 Revenue from intermediate sources 21100 County sources: 2110 County apportionment 438,757 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 4 - 48,757 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 19,869 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 33,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 66,789 - 7,079,124 - 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 67,899 - 7,079,124 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 - 5 - 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - 13,005,005		-	-	-	3,865,298	-	806	3,866,104
1920 Contributions and donations 1970 Charges for services 1990 Other 1990 Ot								
1970 Charges for services 1990 Other State revenue 1990 Other State revenue 1990 Other Gederal government 1990 Other Gederal government 1990 Other State 1,786,283 1,786,283 1,786,285 1,7		123,536	-	-	,	-	-	
1990 Other 421,264 117,720 5,391 842,743 27,534 56,449 1,471,101 2000 Revenue from intermediate sources 2100 County sources: 2110 County apportionment 438,757 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 3000 Revenue from federal sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3100 Restricted grants-in-aid 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 7,391 842,743 84		-	-	-	272,183	-	239,971	
2000 Revenue from intermediate sources 2100 County sources: 2110 County apportionment 438,757 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 31310 Restricted grants-in-aid 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3110 Restricted grants-in-aid 3110 Restricted grants-in-aid 3110 Restricted grants-in-aid 3110 Restricted grants-in-aid 4100 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 1,212,689 3,097,120 - 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005	1970 Charges for services	55,747	-	58,109	-	-	-	113,856
2100 County sources: 2110 County apportionment 2100 Revenue in lieu of taxes 2110 County apportionment 2100 Revenue in lieu of taxes 2110 County apportionment 2100 Revenue in lieu of taxes 2100 Grants-in-aid: 2110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 2110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 2120 Restricted grants-in-aid 21310 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 2100 Restricted grants-in-aid 2100 Restricted grants-in-aid 2100 Revenue from federal sources 2100 Grants-in-aid 2100 Revenue from federal sources 2100 Grants-in-aid 2100 Grants-in-aid 2100 Restricted grants-in-aid received 2100 Grants-in-aid rec	1990 Other	421,264	117,720	5,391	842,743	27,534	56,449	1,471,101
2110 County apportionment 2438,757 438,757 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 438,757 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 438,757 2200 Revenue from state sources 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 7,079,124 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 6,789 - 1,207,209 1,207,209 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4160-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4178,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 13,005	2000 Revenue from intermediate sources							
2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 19,869 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 7,079,124 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 66,789 - 1,207,209 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 13,115,636 - 13,115,636 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state - 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005	2100 County sources:							
2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes 19,869 19,869 3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 7,079,124 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 66,789 - 1,207,209 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 13,115,636 - 13,115,636 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state - 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005	2110 County apportionment	438,757	-	-	-	-	-	438,757
3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 - 7,079,124 - 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 6,789 - 1,207,209 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4170-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid 71786,283 71786,283 71786,285 7		19,869	-	-	-	-	-	19,869
3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 - 7,079,124 - 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 6,789 - 1,207,209 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4170-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid 71786,283 71786,283 71786,285 7	3000 Revenue from state sources							
3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 13,725,019 7,079,124 20,804,143 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 6,789 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4170-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government 4170-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid 4180-4190 Other federal government 4170-4190 Other federal government 4170-4190 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 13,115,636 - 130,005								
3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 39,935 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 3900 Other state revenue 6,789 - 1,869,556 3,725,568 91,109 - 5,726,168 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government - 13,115,636 - 13,115,636 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - 0 130,005		13 725 019	_	_	7 079 124	_	_	20 804 143
3900 Other state revenue 6,789 1,207,209 1,213,998 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005	<u> </u>		_	1 869 556		91 109	_	, ,
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid - 13,115,636 - 13,115		•	_	1,805,550		51,105	_	, ,
4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - 13,115,636 - 13,115,		0,783	_	_	1,207,203	_	_	1,213,336
4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - 13,115,636 - 13								
directly from federal government - - - - 13,115,636 - 13,115,636 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government -								
4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 - - 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - - 130,005								
received from federal government through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005		-	-	-	-	13,115,636	-	13,115,636
through the state 1,786,283 2,420,372 1,212,689 3,097,120 - - - 8,516,464 4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 - - - 130,005								
4900 Other federal revenue 64,845 63,096 - 2,064 130,005								
				1,212,689		-	-	
Total revenues 27,329,260 9,377,441 7,287,114 29,318,211 13,234,279 107,981 86,654,286	4900 Other federal revenue	64,845	63,096		2,064			130,005
	Total revenues	27,329,260	9,377,441	7,287,114	29,318,211	13,234,279	107,981	86,654,286

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		_		_			
		Capital	Special	LATC Post		Other	Total
	General	Outlay	Education	Secondary	Financial Aid	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Expenditures							
1000 Instruction							
1100 Regular programs:							
1110 Elementary schools	8,111,794	1,167,043	-	-	-	-	9,278,837
1120 Middle/junior high schools	2,283,600	30,663	-	-	-	-	2,314,263
1130 High school	4,468,331	352,214	-	-	-	-	4,820,545
1140 Preschool services	68,883	-	-	-	-	-	68,883
1200 Special programs:							
1210 Gifted and talented	94,065	-	-	-	-	-	94,065
1220 Programs for special education	-	5,996	4,896,209	-	-	-	4,902,205
1250 Culturally different	119,403	-	-	-	-	-	119,403
1270 Educationally deprived	484,199	-	-	-	-	-	484,199
1290 Other special programs	433,918	-	-	-	-	-	433,918
1300 Adult continuing education programs:							
1390 Other adult continuing education programs	-	-	-	187,302	-	-	187,302
1500-1999 Post secondary occupational programs	-	-	-	15,623,029	-	-	15,623,029
2000 Support services							
2100 Pupils:							
2110 Attendance and social work	263,214	-	-	-	-	_	263,214
2120 Guidance	732,171	-	-	3,172,102	-	_	3,904,273
2130 Health	253,879	-	141,145	, , , <u>-</u>	-	-	395,024
2140 Psychological	, <u> </u>	-	267,298	-	-	_	267,298
2150 Speech pathology	-	-	709,738	-	-	-	709,738
2160 Audiology services	-	-	8,202	-	-	_	8,202
2170 Student therapy services	-	-	421,420	-	-	_	421,420
2180 Orientation and mobility services	-	-	45	-	-	_	45
2200 Support services - instructional staff:							
2210 Improvement of instruction	723,176	-	155,374	638,554	-	_	1,517,104
2220 Educational media	1,008,044	10,000	24,056	1,674,492	_	_	2,716,592
2300 Support services - general administration:	,,-	-,	,	,- , -			, -,
2310 Board of education	83,515	-	_	39,012	_	_	122,527
2320 Executive administration	545,168	-	-	302,279	-	-	847,447
2400 Support services - school administration:	2 13,232			,			2,
2410 Office of the principal	1,843,619	-	-	_	-	-	1,843,619
2420 Vocational school - directors office	-,- :-,	-	-	757,860	-	-	757,860
2430 Financial aid administration	_	_	-	320,906	_	_	320,906
2440 Title I program administration	42,353	_	_		_	_	42,353
2490 Other support services	17,755	-	-	282,038	-	-	299,793
	,.			,_,			

Watertown School District No. 14-4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	LATC Post Secondary Fund	Financial Aid Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
2500 Support services - business:							
2520 Fiscal services	541,875	19,311	-	269,884	-	125,676	956,746
2530 Facilities acquisition and construction		144,596	-	4,890,482	-	-	5,035,078
2540 Operation and maintenance of plant	2,729,682	7,746,602	-	2,018,704	=	-	12,494,988
2550 Pupil transportation 2590 Other	966,414	282,200	-	-	-	91,185	1,248,614 91,185
2600 Support services - central:	-	-	-	-	-	91,103	91,103
2620 Planning	50,418	_	_	_	_	_	50,418
2700 Support services - special education:	30,110						30,110
2710 Administrative costs	_	-	187,806	-	=	-	187,806
2730 Transportation costs	-	-	111,396	-	-	-	111,396
2750 Other special education costs	-	-	57,758	-	-	-	57,758
2800 Resale services:							
2810 Post secondary resales/service	-	-	-	8,958	-	-	8,958
2820 RIS - precision production	-	-	-	345,616	-	-	345,616
2900 Other support services	-	-	-	21,586	-	-	21,586
3000 Community services							
3700 Nonpublic school	90,862	-	-	-	-	-	90,862
4000 Nonprogrammed charges 4200 Student financial aid					12 242 044	110.025	13,361,979
	504,555	-	-	- 284,287	13,242,944	119,035	13,361,979 788,842
4500 Early retirement payments 4900 Other nonprogrammed costs	504,555	-	-	284,287 1,404	-	193,076	194,480
	_	_	_	1,404	_	133,070	·
5000 Debt services	-	11,950,025	-	-	-	-	11,950,025
6000 Co-curricular activities							
6100 Male activities	216,477	=	-	-	=	-	216,477
6200 Female activities	218,330	-	-	-	-	-	218,330
6500 Transportation	176,420	-	-	-	-	-	176,420
6900 Combined activities	1,108,864	487,685		88,704			1,685,253
Total expenditures	28,180,984	22,196,335	6,980,447	30,927,199	13,242,944	528,972	102,056,881
Excess of Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(851,724)	(12,818,894)	306,667	(1,608,988)	(8,665)	(420,991)	(15,402,595)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
5110 Transfers in	-	-	-	-	15,000	-	15,000
8110 Transfers out	-	-	-	(15,000)	-	-	(15,000)
5130 Sale of surplus property		37,810		50,488			88,298
Total other financing sources (uses)		37,810		35,488	15,000		88,298
Net Change in Fund Balances	(851,724)	(12,781,084)	306,667	(1,573,500)	6,335	(420,991)	(15,314,297)
Fund Balance - Beginning	8,793,021	22,819,378	371,533	10,160,759		3,772,610	45,917,301
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,941,297	\$ 10,038,294	\$ 678,200	\$ 8,587,259	\$ 6,335	\$ 3,351,619	\$ 30,603,004

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		± (
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmen	ntal Funds	\$ (15,314,297)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities Activities are Different Because:	in the Statement of	
Governmental funds report capital outlays a in the statement of activities the cost of over their estimated useful lives and repeated expense. This is the amount by which cap exceeded depreciation (\$3,673,433) in the	those assets is allocated orted as depreciation pital outlay (\$15,535,134)	11,861,701
In the statement of activities, gains and lossed are reported; whereas, in the government from the disposal of capital assets is reflegain or loss is realized.	ntal funds, the proceeds	(108,369)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is ar governmental funds, but the payment re in the statement of net position. CO Certificates		10,565,000
In the statement of activities, certain operat retirement) are measured by the amount in the governmental funds expenditures, by the amount actually paid. Early retires period exceeded the amount paid.	ts earned during the year. these items are measured	(358,968)
In both the government-wide and fund finar from property tax levies and utility taxes of a particular period. Accounting for revaccruals in the funds' statements differ frequire the amounts to be "available." The application of both the application period	are applied to finance the budget enues from property and utility tax rom the accounting in the fund financial statements his amount reflects the	(4,260)
Interest expense payable is not included as a fund statements. Interest expense payable	an expenditure in the	,
in the second se		24 245

expenditure in the statement of activities.

21,345

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service is reported with governmental activities.	(1,313,466)
The accrual of OPEB costs are not reflected in governmental funds, but the statement of activities reflects the change in this liability and related deferred outflows of resources from one year to the next.	258,472
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when the debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This is the amount of premiums amortized in the current period.	231,205
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	2,959,772
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,798,135

Assets	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Current assets 101 Cash and cash equivalents 180 Investments 120 Accounts receivable 130 Due from other fund 140 Due from other governments 170 Inventory of supplies 171 Inventory of stores purchased for resale 172 Inventory of donated food 192 Prepaid expenses Total current assets	\$ 2,027,835 1,162,005 161,589 22,883 12,135 23,215 461,675 215 141,718	\$ 6,412,748 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Noncurrent assets 196 Net pension asset 200 Capital assets 204 Machinery and equipment - local funds Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	354,068 603,491 (389,029) 568,530	- - - -
Deferred outflows of resources 252 Pension related deferred outflows Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 5,066,818	\$ 6,412,748
Liabilities 400 Current liabilities: 402 Accounts payable 404 Contracts payable 409 Incurred but not reported claims 450 Payroll deductions and withholdings and employer matching payable 471 Deposits payable 475 Unearned revenue Total current liabilities Deferred inflows of resources 554 Pension related deferred inflows	\$ 362,395 19,353 - 4,212 100,591 462,184 948,735	\$ 291,938 - 644,939 - - - - 936,877
Net Position 706 Net investment in capital assets 707.2 Restricted for pension benefits 708 Unrestricted net position Total net position	214,462 155,052 3,064,535 3,434,049 \$ 5,066,818	5,475,871 5,475,871 \$ 6,412,748

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund	
Sales			
1340 Preschool tuition 1610 To pupils 1620 To adults 1630 Ala carte 1690 Other 1720 Bookstore sales 1970 Self-insurance premiums 1980 Daycare charges for services	\$ 12,490 644,502 5,787 13,618 144,858 3,507,631	\$ - - - - - 6,101,511	
Total operating revenues	4,642,211	6,101,511	
Operating Expenses 100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services 400 Supplies 461 Cost of sales - purchased 462 Cost of sales - donated 600 Other 900 Depreciation 4620 Self-insurance costs	1,355,899 230,889 167,385 227,863 4,377,546 128,529 24,260 35,386	- - - - - - - 7,421,651	
Total operating expenses	6,547,757	7,421,651	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,905,546)	(1,320,140)	
Nonoperating Revenue Local sources: 1500 Investment earnings (losses) State sources: 3810 Cash reimbursements Federal sources: 4150 Federal grants 4810 Cash reimbursements 4820 Donated food Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(36,603) 5,897 120,311 2,255,620 128,529 2,473,754	6,674 - - - - - 6,674	
Change in Net Position	568,208	(1,313,466)	
Net Position - Beginning	2,865,841	6,789,337	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,434,049	\$ 5,475,871	

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities Cash receipts from customers Cash receipts from interfund services provided Payments to employees Payments to suppliers Payments for claims	\$ 4,846,108 - (1,675,893) (4,776,046)	\$ - 6,101,511 - - (7,108,563)
Net Cash used for Operating Activities	(1,605,831)	(1,007,052)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating grants Operating subsidies	120,311 2,261,517	<u>-</u>
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	2,381,828	
Cash Flows from (used for) Investing Activities Purchase of investments Cash received for interest	(1,202,012) 3,404	- 6,674
Net Cash from (used for) Investing Activities	(1,198,608)	6,674
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(422,611)	(1,000,378)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	2,450,446	7,413,126
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 2,027,835	\$ 6,412,748
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash used for Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities: Depreciation expense Value of donated commodities used Change in assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable	\$ (1,905,546) 35,386 128,529 6,000	\$ (1,320,140) - -
Inventories Due from other fund Due from other governments Prepaid expenses Pension asset and deferred outflows Accounts payable Contracts payable Payroll deductions and withholdings and employer matching payable Deposits payable	(97,872) (12,574) (10,194) (103,567) (533,394) 245,215 5,272	- - - - 313,088 - -
Unearned revenue	201,044	-
Pension liability and deferred inflows Net Cash used for Operating Activities	\$ (1,605,831)	\$ (1,007,052)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	\$ (1,003,631)	<u>(1,007,032)</u>
Value of commodities received Loss on investments not affecting operating income (loss)	\$ 128,529 (40,007)	\$ -
See Notes to Financial Statements	(:-,501)	20

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Watertown School District No. 14-4's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for school districts through its pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the School District are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the Watertown School District No. 14-4 (the School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); its discretely presented component unit; and those organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable if its governing board appoints a voting majority of another organization's governing body and it has the ability to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the School District (primary government). The School District may also be financially accountable for another organization if that organization is fiscally dependent on the School District.

The Lake Area Technical College Foundation meets the definition of a discretely presented component unit. This component unit is displayed in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the School District. The Arrow Education Foundation meets the definition of a blended component unit. This component unit is displayed within governmental funds as a non-major governmental fund. Separate unaudited financial statements are available for both the component units upon request from the School District.

Basis of Presentation and Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities and component units. Eliminations to the various funds have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities and discretely presented component units of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Discretely presented component units are legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria, as described above, and may be classified as either governmental or business-type activities. See the discussion of individual component units above.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net position is displayed in three components, as applicable: net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the School District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined; or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year-to-year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary services.

The funds of the School District are described below within their respective fund types.

Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is established by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the School District are as follows:

- Capital Outlay Fund A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks, and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.
- Special Education Fund A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education
 of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School
 District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.
- LATC Post-Secondary Fund A fund established by SDCL 13-39-39.1 to account for funds incidental to the operation of Lake Area Technical College, a school providing post-secondary vocational education programs. This fund is financed by tuition and fees and grants. This is a major fund.
- Financial Aid Fund A fund established to account for funds incidental to the operation of Lake Area Technical College's student financial aid programs. This fund is financed by grants. This is a major fund.
- Perkins Fund A fund established to account for funds incidental to the operation of Lake Area Technical College's Perkins Loan financial aid program. This fund is financed by grants and fees and interest. This is not a major fund.
- Arrow Education Foundation This is an unaudited blended component unit which is a separate and
 independent corporation organized for the benefit of the School District. The primary focus of the Arrow
 Education Foundation is to support the advancement of education through scholarships and grants for
 costs associated with classroom activities and new program implementation for the benefit of students.
 The Arrow Education Foundation is financed by contributions and donations and earnings on
 investments. This is not a major fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and
 charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the
 full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not
 expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity.
- Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs.

The enterprise funds maintained by the School District are as follows:

- Food Service Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to K-12 food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is not a major fund.
- Concessions Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of school activity concessions programs. This fund is financed by user charges. This is not a major fund.
- Drivers Education Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of the School District's drivers education program. This fund is financed by user charges. This is not a major fund.

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- Pre-School Services Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of the pre-school services program. This fund is financed by user charges. This is not a major fund.
- Bookstore Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of the Lake Area
 Technical College bookstore. This fund is financed by user charges. This is not a major fund.
- LATC Food Service Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of Lake Area Technical College's food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is not a major fund.
- LATC Daycare Fund A fund used to record financial transactions related to operations of Lake Area Technical College's daycare facility. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is not a major fund.

Internal Service Funds: A fund used to report activities that provide goods or services to other funds, departments, or agencies of the School District and its component units, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds are never considered to be major funds. The Self Insurance Fund is the only internal service fund maintained by the School District.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the "economic resources" measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, governmental, business-type, and component unit activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period for the School District is 45 days for property tax receipts. Revenues from reimbursement grants and other similar reimbursement items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenues are recognized in the year to which the revenue relates or applies. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

Government-Wide Financial Statements: In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

- 1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.
- 2. In order to minimize the doubling-up effect on internal service fund activity, certain "centralized expenses" are charged as direct expenses to funds or programs in order to show all expenses that are associated with a service, program, department, or fund. When expenses are charged in this manner, expense reductions occur in the respective funds so that expenses are reported only in the function to which they relate.

Deposits and Investments

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" for the School District includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit (as early redemption costs would be insignificant) or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-ended mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements of the primary government consist of U.S. Treasuries, negotiable certificates of deposit, and money markets. The investments held by the component units, the LATC Foundation and Arrow Education Foundation, were not audited.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes are levied on or before October 1, and are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the following year. Approximately 50% is considered to be applied to finance the budget of the current fiscal year and the remaining percentage (50%) is considered to be applied to finance the budget for the subsequent year. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District. School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Current year property taxes receivable, which are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current year's appropriations and, therefore, are not susceptible to accrual, have been reported as deferred inflows of resources in both fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at cost on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. When individual inventory items are purchased they are recorded as assets. When they are consumed they are recorded as expenditures in governmental funds or expenses in proprietary funds. Although classified as current assets, these inventory balances are offset by nonspendable fund balance amounts which indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories purchased by the Food Service Fund and LATC Food Service Fund are stated at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out method. Commodity inventories are stated at USDA's assigned values, which approximate fair value at the date of receipt. Expenses for food items are recorded when consumed.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations, and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized. Interest costs incurred during construction of capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with net capital assets reflected in the statement of net position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	•	italization nreshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land*	Any	y Amount	*	*
Buildings and improvements	\$	25,000	Straight-Line	10-50 years
Machinery and equipment		5,000	Straight-Line	3-20 years
*Land, an inexhaustible capital asset, is not a	depreciated.		_	•

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

Student Loans Receivable

Student loans receivable are loans under the Perkins Loan Fund provided to students of Lake Area Technical College under the Perkins Loan program. The student loans receivable have been presented within accounts receivable in the governmental funds balance sheet. The student loans receivable is presented net of an allowance for doubtful amounts of \$112,183 as of June 30, 2022.

Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations, and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist primarily of early retirement benefits payable and capital outlay certificates payable.

Long-term liabilities for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as revenues and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statement as it is in the government-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District pools some of its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. All reported deposit balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Program Revenues

In the government-wide statement of activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1. Charges for Services These arise from charges to customers, applicants or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided, or are, otherwise, directly affected by the services.
- 2. Program-Specific Operating Grants and Contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-Specific Capital Grants and Contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

In the proprietary fund's statement of activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the statement of cash flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities, are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of
 accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds,
 mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or
 improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

The School District classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

- Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual restraints.
- Restricted Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are
 externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional
 provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority, which is the School Board, and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned Includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the School Board or Business Manager.
- Unassigned Includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund and the LATC Post Secondary Fund is comprised of inventory which is in a nonspendable form.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as grant agreements requiring dollar-for-dollar spending. Additionally, the government would first use committed, then assigned, and, lastly, unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The revenue source of each major special revenue fund is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund

Capital Outlay Fund Special Education Fund LATC Post Secondary Fund Financial Aid Fund Revenue Source

Property taxes Grants and property taxes Tuition and fees and grants Grants

Application of Net Position

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. The School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The School District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the contributions made to pension plans after the measurement date and prior to the fiscal year-end, changes in the net pension liability (asset) not included in pension expense reported in the government-wide statement of net position, and changes in the total OPEB liability included in health insurance expense reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The School District reports unavailable revenues from property taxes on the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Another item is changes in the net pension liability (asset) not included in pension expense reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The final item is changes in the total OPEB liability included in health insurance expense reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

As of July 1, 2021, the School District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The implementation of this standard establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The standard requires recognition of certain right-to-use leased assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The standard also requires lessors to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. As a result of implementing this standard, there was no needed right-of-use asset or lease liability required to be recognized at the implementation date as all existing leases had remaining terms of twelve months or less or were deemed immaterial as of the implementation date and, therefore, there was no effect on beginning net position.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments Fair Value Measurement, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Interest Rate Risk

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits

The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1, and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain, at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA," or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Deposits are reported at cost plus interest if the account is of the add-on type.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, the School District's bank balances were \$32,240,695, which includes various bank accounts. Of these deposits, \$296,856 was covered by the FDIC and the remaining balance was uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution.

Investments

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits School District funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or (c) in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The School District holds negotiable certificates of deposits, U.S. Treasuries and money market account funds as investments. As of June 30, 2022, the School District also has investments reported in the financial statements that are held by the two component units, the LATC Foundation and the Arrow Education Foundation, which were unaudited and are not included in the following:

	Moody's		Fair Value	Maturity (In Years)		
	Credit Rating	Fair Value	Level	Less Than 1	1 to 5	
U.S. Treasuries	AAA	\$ 12,627,072	2	\$ 2,753,976	\$ 9,873,096	
Money Market	Not Rated	1,644,531	1	1,644,531	-	
Negotiable CDs	Not Rated	229,151	2	-	229,151	

Negotiable certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasuries classified in level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued by the custodian of the securities using pricing models based on credit quality, time to maturity, stated interest rates, and market rate assumptions.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments – The risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have an investment policy for custodial risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. More than 5% of the School District's investments are in U.S. Treasuries, which were approximately 87% of total investments.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the fund holding the deposit or making the investment.

Note 3 - Due from Other Governments

As of June 30, 2022, amounts due from other governments are as follows:

General Fund	
Due from federal sources	\$ 903,657
Due from state sources	258,098
Capital Outlay Fund	
Due from federal sources	391,637
Special Education Fund	
Due from federal sources	498,546
LATC Post Secondary Fund	
Due from federal sources	278,393
Due from state sources	881,166
Due from local sources	 5,124
Total due from other governments	\$ 3,216,621

Note 4 - Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

Primary Government	Balance 6/30/21	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/22
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 6,586,820	\$ 453,376	\$ -	\$ 7,040,196
Construction work in process	8,926,401	9,977,802	985,826	17,918,377
Total not being depreciated	15,513,221	10,431,178	985,826	24,958,573
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	83,870,562	2,128,811	-	85,999,373
Machinery and equipment	25,731,623	3,960,971	1,295,839	28,396,755
Total being depreciated	109,602,185	6,089,782	1,295,839	114,396,128
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	34,106,602	1,961,693	-	36,068,295
Machinery and equipment	18,156,678	1,711,740	1,187,470	18,680,948
Total accumulated depreciation	52,263,280	3,673,433	1,187,470	54,749,243
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	57,338,905	2,416,349	108,369	59,646,885
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 72,852,126	\$ 12,847,527	\$ 1,094,195	\$ 84,605,458
Governmental activities:				
Instruction				\$ 2,943,745
Support services				448,311
Co-curricular activities				281,377
Total depreciation expense - governmental activiti	ies			\$ 3,673,433
Total depreciation expense governmental detiviti	103			y 3,073,433
	Balance		_	Balance
Business-Type Activities	6/30/21	Increases	Decreases	6/30/22
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 603,490	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 603,490
Total being depreciated	603,490			603,490
Less accumulated depreciation for:	252.542			
Machinery and equipment	353,642	35,386		389,028
Total accumulated depreciation	353,642	35,386		389,028
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	249,848	(35,386)	<u> </u>	214,462
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$ 249,848	(35,386)	\$ -	\$ 214,462
Business-type activity capital assets, net Business-type activities:			\$ -	\$ 214,462
Business-type activity capital assets, net Business-type activities: Food service			\$ -	\$ 214,462 \$ 32,507
Business-type activity capital assets, net Business-type activities: Food service Concessions			\$ -	\$ 214,462 \$ 32,507 390
Business-type activity capital assets, net Business-type activities: Food service			\$ -	\$ 214,462 \$ 32,507

As of June 30, 2022, the School District had remaining commitments of approximately \$1,500,000 related to the Watertown High School Remodel Project, remaining commitments of approximately \$230,000 related to HVAC updgrades at the elementary schools and intermediate school, remaining commitments of approximately \$6,150,000 related to the Diesel Expansion project at LATC, and remaining commitments of approximately \$20,915,000 related to the Archway project at LATC.

Note 5 - Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

Amounts Outstanding 6/30/21	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/22	Due in One Year
\$ 35,470,000	\$ -	\$ (10,565,000)	\$ 24,905,000	\$ 1,440,000
3,868,368	-	(231,205)	3,637,163	231,205
39,338,368	-	(10,796,205)	28,542,163	1,671,205
794,779	1,144,074	(785,106)	1,153,747	1,097,421
\$ 40,133,147	\$ 1,144,074	\$ (11,581,311)	\$ 29,695,910	\$ 2,768,626
	Outstanding 6/30/21 \$ 35,470,000 3,868,368 39,338,368 794,779	Outstanding 6/30/21 Issued \$ 35,470,000 \$ - 3,868,368 39,338,368 - 794,779 1,144,074	Outstanding 6/30/21 Issued Retired \$ 35,470,000 \$ - \$ (10,565,000) 3,868,368 - (231,205) 39,338,368 - (10,796,205) 794,779 1,144,074 (785,106)	Outstanding 6/30/21 Issued Retired Outstanding 6/30/22 \$ 35,470,000 3,868,368 \$ - (231,205) \$ 24,905,000 3,637,163 39,338,368 794,779 - (10,796,205) 28,542,163 (785,106) 1,153,747

Early retirement benefits payable for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund and LATC Post Secondary Fund.

Long-term debt payable at June 30, 2022, is comprised of the following individual issues:

ing-term debt payable at June 30, 2022, is comprised of the following individual issues:	
Capital Outlay Certificates Capital outlay certificates, series 2020, interest rate ranges from 3.00% to 5.00% and final maturity date of August 2041. Debt service payments made by the Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 12,340,000
Capital outlay certificates, series 2014, interest rate ranges from 3.00% to 4.00% and final maturity date of December 2026. Debt service payments made by the Capital Outlay Fund.	2,820,000
Capital Outlay Refunding Certificates Capital outlay refunding certificates, series 2016, interest rate ranges from 1.30% to 2.05% and final maturity date of December 2026. Debt services payments made by the Capital Outlay Fund.	880,000
Capital outlay refunding certificates, series 2017, interest rate ranges from 2.00% to 4.00% and final maturity date of August 2033. Debt service payments made by the Capital Outlay Fund.	8,865,000
Early Retirement Requires annual payments of not more than \$64,500 per individual with payment made from General Fund and LATC Post Secondary Fund.	1,153,747
Plus unamortized premiums	3,637,163
	\$ 29,695,910

The annual requirements to maturity for all debt outstanding for governmental activities, excluding unamortized debt premiums, as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Year Ending	C.O. Cer	rtificates	Early Re	tirement	To	otal
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 1,440,000	\$ 912,578	\$ 1,097,421	\$ -	\$ 2,537,421	\$ 912,578
2024	1,470,000	857,938	56,326	· -	1,526,326	857,938
2025	1,565,000	804,778	-	-	1,565,000	804,778
2026	1,620,000	750,228	-	-	1,620,000	750,228
2027	1,510,000	690,601	-	-	1,510,000	690,601
2028-2032	7,975,000	2,455,825	-	-	7,975,000	2,455,825
2033-2037	5,955,000	894,100	-	-	5,955,000	894,100
2038-2041	3,370,000	205,950			3,370,000	205,950
	\$ 24,905,000	\$ 7,571,998	\$ 1,153,747	\$ -	\$ 26,058,747	\$ 7,571,998

Note 6 - Leases

The School District leases the facilities for a portion of Lake Area Technical College from the South Dakota Board of Technical Education (the Board). The facilities were constructed by the South Dakota Health and Education Facilities Authority (the Authority) funded by proceeds from bonds issued. The Board leases the facilities from the Authority and then sub-leases the facilities to the School District. The lease agreement between the Board and the Authority calls for rental payments that coincide with the required debt service of the Authority. Currently, the rental payments are being paid from the facility fee fund account maintained by the trustee. The facility fee, as of June 30, 2022, is a \$36 per credit hour fee collected from each student attending the four vocational technical schools in South Dakota. These fees are remitted to the trustee for the purpose of making the lease rental payments to the Authority that ultimately retire the indebtedness of the Authority related to the facilities constructed at the various vocational technical schools. The original lease agreement between the Authority and the Board was dated August 1, 1988, and has since been amended and supplemented over the years adding additional Authority-financed projects as leased property and providing for the payment of lease rentals annually from the trust account sufficient to pay the debt service with respect to the additional bonds; however, the sub-lease agreement between the Board and the School District has not been amended and annually renews each July 1 for the ensuing year. As of June 30, 2022, it is anticipated that the facility fees held by the trustee will be sufficient to make the lease rental payments throughout the duration of the leased facilities.

Note 7 - Restricted Net Position

The following table shows the net position restricted for other purposes as shown on the statement of net position:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 10,055,566
Special Education	Law	688,422
SDRS pension benefits	Law	5,122,924
LATC Post Secondary	Law	8,587,259
Perkins Loan program	Law	274,248
Total restricted net position		\$ 24,728,419

Note 8 - Early Retirement

The School District has an early retirement plan providing cash benefits to any full-time salaried employee with at least fifteen years of full-time salaried service with the School District and who are between and/or inclusive of the ages of fifty-five and sixty-two as of June 30 or the application year. Employees who leave or have previously left the School District are not eligible for the benefit if they are re-employed after August 1, 2008. The cash benefit is equal to 75% of the individual employee's last contract salary, exclusive of extra duty and co-curricular salary, if any, unless the position with a sport/activity has been held for fifteen consecutive years immediately preceding retirement. The liability is recorded based upon the specified annual payments that are due and has not been discounted as the School District has determined the discount to not be material.

Note 9 - Joint Venture

The School District participates in the Northeast Technical High School, a cooperative service unit (Co-op) formed for the purpose of providing vocational training services to the member school districts.

The percentage participation in the Co-op and annual assessments is adjusted annually based upon each member school district's official state enrollment numbers from the previous school year. The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Castlewood School District No. 28-1	4.37%
Florence School District No. 14-1	4.11%
Great Plains Lutheran School	6.68%
Hamlin School District No. 28-3	12.38%
Henry School District No. 14-2	2.67%
Summit School District No. 54-6	2.62%
Watertown School District No. 14-4	63.21%
Waverly South Shore School District 14-5	3.96%
	100.00%

The Co-op's governing board is composed of three members from the school board of the largest member school district and one member from the school board from each remaining member school district. The governing board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The School District retains no explicit, measurable equity interest in the net position of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above. Separate financial statements for the Co-op are available from the Northeast Technical High School.

At June 30, 2022, the Co-op had total assets of \$1,394,132, total liabilities of \$119,965, and net position of \$1,274,167.

Note 10 - Post-Employment Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The School District has a single-employer, defined benefit healthcare plan administered by Wellmark, Inc. The plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses as permitted by South Dakota Codified Law 6-1-16 and 13-10-3. Benefit provisions were established and may be amended during the negotiated agreement process between School District certified staff and the governing board. The health plan does not issue separately stated stand-alone financial statements.

Benefits Provided

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School District are established and may be amended during the negotiated agreement process between the School District's certified staff and the governing board. A full-time salaried employee who retires from the School District may be eligible for retiree health insurance coverage if they were hired prior to August 1, 2008. Employees hired after August 1, 2008, are not eligible for OPEB. Employees who leave or have previously left the School District are not eligible for retirement benefits if they are re-employed after August 1, 2008. Coverage also ceases when the retiree attains the age of 65. The retiree is responsible for 100% of the full active premium rates for either single or family coverage.

Funding Policy

The School District funds the OPEB benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis; therefore, the School District's obligation is unfunded at June 30, 2022. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	38
Active employees	210
	248

Total OPEB Liability

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$1,941,788 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service

Discount rate 3.54% *

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.75% for FY22 then reduced by .25% to ultimate

rate of 4.00%

The plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Other Assumptions

Disability

Mortality	97% of RP-2014 Mortality Table, white collar table for
	females and total dataset table for males, adjusted to
	2006 and projected generationally with MP-2016
Future Retiree Participation Rate	65%
Initial Spouse Participation Rate	35%
Age Difference	Husbands are assumed to be the same age as their wife
Turnover	Rates based on select and ultimate table with rates
	based on service for the first five years of employment
	and rates based on age after five years of employment

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 2,232,786
Service cost Interest cost	74,913 48,401
Changes of benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(141,254)
Changes of assumptions	(138,556)
Benefit payments	 (134,502)
Total changes	(290,998)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 1,941,788

None assumed

^{*}Since the plan is not funded by an irrevocable trust, the discount rate is equal to the 20-Year Municipal Bond Yield.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate and the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate	
Discount rate	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 2,041,911	\$ 1,941,788	\$ 1,845,107	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate 1 percentage point lower and 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate	Selected Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate
Healthcare trend rate	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,813,342	\$ 1,941,788	\$ 2,084,140

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized a decrease of health insurance expense of \$258,472 due to OPEB. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	31,873 182,493	\$ 610,184 343,337	
Total	\$	214,366	\$ 953,521	

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	 OPEB Expense	
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 239,636 280,566 212,927 6,026	
	\$ 739,155	

Note 11 - Litigation

At June 30, 2022, the School District was not involved in any litigation.

Note 12 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance

The School District has established a self-insurance fund for the purpose of paying claims of the employee group health care benefit plan. Premiums are paid by both the School District and the School District's employees and are charged against the appropriate fund. Excess loss insurance is provided through private insurance carriers for claims exceeding \$100,000 per individual and \$5,176,070 or 125% of expected paid claims in aggregate losses for each plan year. At June 30, 2022, an estimated liability of \$644,939 was accrued for incurred but not reported claims. This estimate was based on information obtained from the plan's third-party administrator. The self-insurance fund is reported as an internal service fund in these financial statements. The School District is responsible for deficiencies, if any, resulting from claims paid in excess of premiums received. At June 30, 2022, the health insurance internal service fund had a net position balance of \$5,475,871.

The following is a history of the claims activity for the fund for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

	2022		2021		2020	
Amount of claim liabilities, beginning of year Incurred claims Claims paid	\$	623,789 7,421,651 (7,108,563)	\$	827,803 5,978,657 (6,182,671)	\$	709,221 5,833,099 (5,714,517)
Amount of claim liabilities, end of year	\$	936,877	\$	623,789	\$	827,803

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The School District participates, with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Workers' Compensation Fund Pool which provide workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of workers' compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to, and cooperate with, the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide workers' compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy, and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage of contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool-retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual, per incident.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Liability Insurance

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2022, no claims were filed for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2022, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

Note 13 - Pension Plan

Plan Information

All employees working more than 20 hours per week during the year participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at https://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, PO Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided

SDRS has three different classes of employees: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85, or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater than or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - o The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater than or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the member's accumulated contributions are annually increased by the cost-of-living adjustment.

Contributions

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan: Class A members, 6.0% of salary; Class B judicial members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B public safety members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$2,116,157, \$2,079,919, and \$1,983,411, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.52% funded and, accordingly, has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of the SDRS, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2021, and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability \$ 211,817,402 Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits \$ 223,515,912

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) \$ (11,698,510)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability (asset) of (\$11,698,510) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 1.5275620%, which is an increase of .0213594% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized a reduction of pension expense of \$3,055,422. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	420,007	\$	30,671
Changes in assumption		13,453,168		5,858,445
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		16,711,556
Changes in proportion and difference between School District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		35,754		-
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,116,157		
Total	\$	16,025,086	\$	22,600,672

There is \$2,116,157 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date. This will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	Amount
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ (2,128,180) (1,454,077) (408,222) (4,701,264)
Total	\$ (8,691,743)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

after
of an

Mortality rates are based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021, (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
School District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 18,942,799	\$ (11,698,510)	\$ (36,572,121)		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

Note 14 - Interfund Balances and Interfund Transfers

At June 30, 2022, the following funds had interfund balances:

- The Food Service Fund has a due from the LATC Daycare Fund in the amount of \$2,869.
- The Bookstore Fund has a due from the LATC Post Secondary Fund in the amount of \$11,140.
- The LATC Food Service Fund has a due from the LATC Post Secondary Fund of \$11,743.

The purpose of the interfund balances is for reimbursement of expenses that were incurred during 2022 but not reimbursed until subsequent to June 30, 2022.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the following interfund transfers occurred:

 The LATC Post Secondary Fund transferred \$15,000 to the Financial Aid Fund to cover certain operating expenses.



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Watertown School District No. 14-4

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	\$ 74,913 48,401 (141,254) (138,556) (134,502)	(430,472)	\$ 111,696 113,690 - 255,710 (124,076)	\$ 108,198 118,609 119,057 296,745 (114,872)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(290,998)	(1,322,356)	357,020	527,737
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,232,786	3,555,142	3,198,122	2,670,385
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 1,941,788	\$ 2,232,786	\$ 3,555,142	\$ 3,198,122
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,147,044	\$ 11,612,670	\$ 13,608,038	\$ 14,158,927
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	17.42%	19.23%	26.13%	22.59%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Plan Assets

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefit Provision Changes

None.

Changes in Assumptions

Since the last valuation, the following changes of assumptions have been made:

- Medical plan(s) and premiums have been updated effective as of January 1, 2022.
- The discount rates have been updated through the June 30, 2022, reporting date.
- Retiree per capita claims costs and contributions were reset to reflect updated experience, plan(s), and premiums through January 1, 2022.
- Decrement assumptions (i.e. withdrawal, retirement and mortality rates) have been updated to be the
 assumptions used in the SDRS June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation for Class A Teachers/Administration
 (Certified) Members and Class A Non-Teachers/Administration (Non-Certified) Members groups.
- Medical trend rates were reset to reflect updated cost increase expectations.
- 65.0% of employees are assumed to elect coverage at retirement (changed from 82.0% based on recent experience).

Watertown School District No. 14-4

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final Actual		(Negative)
Revenues 1000 Revenue from local sources 1100 Taxes:				
1110 Ad valorem taxes 1120 Prior year's ad valorem taxes 1140 Gross receipts taxes 1190 Penalties and interest on taxes 1210 Revenue in lieu of taxes 1500 Earnings (losses) on investments and deposits 1700 Co-curricular activities: 1710 Admissions 1790 Other student activity income 1900 Other revenue from local sources: 1910 Rentals	\$ 9,807,255	\$ 9,807,255	\$ 10,054,388	\$ 247,133
	35,000	35,000	30,781	(4,219)
	350,000	350,000	266,745	(83,255)
	25,000	25,000	13,807	(11,193)
	8,000	8,000	9,933	1,933
	55,000	55,000	(131,549)	(186,549)
	80,000	80,000	60,455	(19,545)
	42,000	42,000	342,656	300,656
1970 Charges for services 1990 Other 2000 Revenue from intermediate sources 2100 County sources: 2110 County apportionment 2200 Revenue in lieu of taxes	40,000	40,000	55,747	15,747
	252,915	266,075	421,264	155,189
	430,000	430,000	438,757	8,757
	20,000	20,000	19,869	(131)
3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid 3900 Other state revenue	14,155,000	14,155,000	13,725,019	(429,981)
	36,125	36,125	39,935	3,810
	12,000	12,000	6,789	(5,211)
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4130 Unrestricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through an intermediate source 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state 4900 Other federal revenue	3,500	3,500	-	(3,500)
	1,175,780	1,883,815	1,786,283	(97,532)
	85,000	85,000	64,845	(20,155)
Total revenues	26,755,075	27,476,270	27,329,260	(147,010)

	Dudgeted	Amagunta		Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted Amounts		A atual	Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Expenditures					
1000 Instruction					
1100 Regular programs:					
1110 Elementary schools	8,457,802	8,556,372	8,111,794	444,578	
1120 Middle/junior high schools	2,386,272	2,399,912	2,283,600	116,312	
1130 High school	4,585,833	4,599,473	4,468,331	131,142	
1140 Preschool services	70,540	70,540	68,883	1,657	
1200 Special programs:	,	•	,	•	
1210 Gifted and talented	113,780	113,780	94,065	19,715	
1250 Culturally different	122,625	122,625	119,403	3,222	
1270 Educationally deprived	540,800	540,800	484,199	56,601	
1290 Other special programs	486,900	486,900	433,918	52,982	
2000 Support sorvices					
2000 Support services 2100 Pupils:					
2110 Attendance and social work	281,770	281,770	263,214	18,556	
2120 Guidance	806,235	806,235	732,171	74,064	
2130 Health	267,865	267,865	253,879	13,986	
2200 Support services - instructional staff:	207,003	207,003	233,073	13,300	
2210 Improvement of instruction	542,370	765,600	723,176	42,424	
2220 Educational media	1,094,130	1,094,130	1,008,044	86,086	
2300 Support services - general administration:	_,,	_,,	_,,	55,555	
2310 Board of education	105,820	107,720	83,515	24,205	
2320 Executive administration	560,955	560,955	545,168	15,787	
2400 Support services - school administration:	,	•	,	•	
2410 Office of the principal	1,883,415	1,883,415	1,843,619	39,796	
2440 Title I program administration	40,710	42,360	42,353	7	
2490 Other support services	5,000	18,160	17,755	405	
2500 Support services - business:					
2520 Fiscal services	536,635	536,635	541,875	(5,240)	
2540 Operation and maintenance of plant	2,925,862	2,925,862	2,729,682	196,180	
2550 Pupil transportation	1,089,000	1,089,000	966,414	122,586	
2600 Support services - central:					
2620 Planning	83,945	83,945	50,418	33,527	
3000 Community services					
3700 Nonpublic school	97,420	97,420	90,862	6,558	
	.,	21,12		2,223	
4000 Nonprogrammed costs	25.000	25.000		25.000	
4400 Payments to state - unemployment	35,000	35,000	-	35,000	
4500 Early retirement payments	504,555	504,555	504,555	-	
6000 Co-curricular activities					
6100 Male activities	213,885	213,885	216,477	(2,592)	
6200 Female activities	200,967	200,967	218,330	(17,363)	
6500 Transportation	139,000	139,000	176,420	(37,420)	
6900 Combined activities	660,990	660,990	1,108,864	(447,874)	
Total expenditures	•	29,205,871		1,024,887	
Total expenditures	28,840,081	23,203,0/1	28,180,984	1,024,007	
Excess of Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(2,085,006)	(1,729,601)	(851,724)	877,877	

Watertown School District No. 14-4

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Budgetary Basis – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
5110 Transfers in	1,200,000	549,300	-	(549,300)
8110 Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)		100,000
Total other financing sources	1,100,000	449,300		(449,300)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(985,006)	(1,280,301)	(851,724)	428,577
Fund Balance - Beginning	8,793,021	8,793,021	8,793,021	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,808,015	\$ 7,512,720	\$ 7,941,297	\$ 428,577

	Pudgotod	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues 1000 Revenue from local sources 1100 Taxes:			, 10100	(itegative)
1110 Ad valorem taxes 1120 Prior year's ad valorem taxes 1190 Penalties and interest on taxes 1500 Earnings (losses) on investments and deposits 1900 Other revenue from local sources: 1990 Other	\$ 6,875,900 25,000 10,000 410,000	\$ 6,875,900 25,000 10,000 410,000	\$ 6,853,458 21,191 9,579 (107,975) 117,720	\$ (22,442) (3,809) (421) (517,975) 53,720
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government through the state	2,472,000	2,996,610	2,420,372	(576,238)
4900 Other federal revenue	63,000	63,000	63,096	96
Total revenues	9,865,900	10,444,510	9,377,441	(1,067,069)
Expenditures 1000 Instruction 1100 Regular programs:				
1110 Elementary schools	1,395,000	1,895,000	1,167,043	727,957
1120 Middle/junior high schools 1130 High school	42,000 692,000	42,000	30,663	11,337
1200 Special programs: 1220 Programs for special education	17,000	773,235 17,000	352,214 5,996	421,021 11,004
2000 Support services 2200 Support services - instructional staff: 2220 Educational media 2300 Support services - general administration:	10,000	10,000	10,000	-
2320 Executive administration 2500 Support services - business:	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
2520 Fiscal services	16,000	16,000	19,311	(3,311)
2530 Facilities acquisition and construction 2540 Operation and maintenance of plant	210,000 9,552,100	210,000 9,586,885	144,596 7,746,602	65,404 1,840,283
2550 Pupil transportation	280,500	290,500	282,200	8,300
5000 Debt services	3,253,235	13,010,598	11,950,025	1,060,573
6000 Co-curricular activities 6900 Combined activities	438,000	473,000	487,685	(14,685)
Total expenditures	15,910,835	26,329,218	22,196,335	4,132,883
Excess of Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(6,044,935)	(15,884,708)	(12,818,894)	3,065,814
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 8110 Transfers out 5130 Sale of surplus property	(1,200,000) 85,000	(1,200,000) 85,000	37,810	1,200,000 (47,190)
Total other financing sources	(1,115,000)	(1,115,000)	37,810	1,152,810
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,159,935)	(16,999,708)	(12,781,084)	4,218,624
Fund Balance - Beginning	22,819,378	22,819,378	22,819,378	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 15,659,443	\$ 5,819,670	\$ 10,038,294	\$ 4,218,624

Fir Budgeted Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Original Final Actual (I	vegative	
1000 Revenue from local sources		
1100 Taxes:		
1110 Ad valorem taxes \$ 3,588,815 \$ 3,588,815 \$ 4,139,343 \$	550,528	
1120 Prior year's ad valorem taxes 13,200 12,199 1190 Penalties and interest on taxes 6,000 6,000 5,648	(1,001) (352)	
1300 Tuition and fees:	(332)	
1310 Regular day school tuition 15,000 15,000 -	(15,000)	
1500 Earnings (losses) on investments and deposits 6,000 6,000 (15,821) 1900 Other revenue from local sources:	(21,821)	
1900 Other revenue from local sources. 1970 Charges for services 75,000 75,000 58,109	(16,891)	
1990 Other 1,000 1,000 5,391	4,391	
3000 Revenue from state sources		
3100 Grants-in-aid:	(66,719)	
4000 Revenue from federal sources	(00,713)	
4100 Grants-in-aid: 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid received from federal government		
through the state 919,900 919,900 1,212,689	292,789	
Total revenues 6,561,190 6,561,190 7,287,114	725,924	
Expenditures 1000 Instruction 1200 Special programs: 1220 Programs for special education 1230 Coordinated early intervening services instruction 17,625 4,928,430 4,896,209 17,625 -	32,221 17,625	
2000 Support services	17,023	
2100 Pupils:	44.450	
2130 Health 182,595 182,595 141,145 2140 Psychological 351,705 351,705 267,298	41,450 84,407	
2150 Speech pathology 760,785 760,785 709,738	51,047	
2160 Audiology services 15,000 15,000 8,202	6,798	
2170 Student therapy services 459,270 459,270 421,420	37,850	
2180 Orientation and mobility services 45	(45)	
2200 Support services - instructional staff: 2210 Improvement of instruction 90,125 164,625 155,374	9,251	
2220 Educational media 22,000 24,056	(2,056)	
2600 Support services - central:		
2620 Planning 24,985	24,985	
2700 Support services - special education: 2710 Administrative costs 193,935 187,806	6,129	
2730 Transportation costs 139,865 139,865 111,396	28,469	
2750 Other special education costs 82,500 82,500 57,758	24,742	
Total expenditures 7,143,165 7,343,320 6,980,447	362,873	
Excess of Revenue over (under) Expenditures (581,975) (782,130) 306,667	1,088,797	
Net Change in Fund Balances (581,975) (782,130) 306,667	1,088,797	
Fund Balance - Beginning 371,533 371,533 371,533	-	
	1,088,797	

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
			·		
Revenues					
1000 Revenue from local sources	4	4	4	4	
1400 Post secondary program tuition and fees	\$ 7,440,000	\$ 7,440,000	\$ 7,464,572	\$ 24,572	
1500 Earnings (losses) on investments and deposits 1700 Co-curricular activities:	100,000	100,000	(138,265)	(238,265)	
1800 Post secondary:					
1820 Resales/services - occupational programs	176,500	186,500	336,328	149,828	
1830 Resales/services - occupational programs	193,000	193,000	257,061	64,061	
1840 State fees	717,225	717,225	694,163	(23,062)	
1850 Corporate education fees	230,000	230,000	335,874	105,874	
1860 Local fees	3,636,210	3,636,210	3,865,298	229,088	
1900 Other revenue from local sources:	3,000,220	3,000,220	0,000,200		
1910 Rentals	228,000	228,000	277,169	49,169	
1920 Contributions and donations	147,380	147,380	272,183	124,803	
1990 Other	440,000	440,000	842,743	402,743	
3000 Revenue from state sources					
3100 Grants-in-aid:					
3110 Unrestricted grants-in-aid	7,254,740	7,254,740	7,079,124	(175,616)	
3120 Restricted grants-in-aid	3,087,075	3,087,075	3,725,568	638,493	
3900 Other state revenue	354,660	420,480	1,207,209	786,729	
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4150-4199 Restricted grants-in-aid					
received from federal government through the state	857,250	2,965,950	3,097,120	131,170	
4900 Other federal revenue	637,230	2,303,330 -	2,064	2,064	
Total revenues	24,862,040	27,046,560	29,318,211	2,271,651	

	Dudaskad	Amazonaka		Variance with Final Budget	
	Budgeted Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	Original	- mai	riccai	(itegative)	
Expenditures					
1000 Instruction					
1300 Adult continuing education programs:					
1390 Other adult continuing education programs	195,845	195,845	187,302	8,543	
1500-1999 Post secondary occupational programs	15,267,238	16,686,428	15,623,029	1,063,399	
2000 Support services					
2100 Pupils:					
2120 Guidance	2,052,080	3,204,080	3,172,102	31,978	
2200 Support services - instructional staff:					
2210 Improvement of instruction	525,410	651,745	638,554	13,191	
2220 Educational media	1,413,960	1,910,160	1,674,492	235,668	
2300 Support services - general administration:					
2310 Board of education	51,830	51,830	39,012	12,818	
2320 Executive administration	309,535	309,535	302,279	7,256	
2400 Support services - school administration:					
2420 Vocational school - directors office	867,635	867,635	757,860	109,775	
2430 Financial aid administration	355,660	355,660	320,906	34,754	
2490 Other support services	294,515	294,515	282,038	12,477	
2500 Support services - business:	204.057	204.057	252.004	40.000	
2520 Fiscal services	281,967	281,967	269,884	12,083	
2530 Facilities acquisition and construction	2,429,180	5,547,925	4,890,482	657,443	
2540 Operation and maintenance of plant	2,135,760	2,265,410	2,018,704	246,706	
2800 Resale services:	40.000	40.000	0.050	24.042	
2810 Post secondary resales/service	40,000	40,000	8,958	31,042	
2820 RIS - precision production	252,637	337,637	345,616	(7,979)	
2900 Other support services	15,000	15,000	21,586	(6,586)	
4000 Nonprogrammed charges					
4400 Payments to state - unemployment	5,000	5,000	-	5,000	
4500 Early retirement payments	284,290	284,290	284,287	3	
4900 Other nonprogrammed costs	-	-	1,404	(1,404)	
6000 Co-curricular activities					
6900 Combined activities	_	_	88,704	(88,704)	
			•		
Total expenditures	26,777,542	33,304,662	30,927,199	2,377,463	
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	(1,915,502)	(6,258,102)	(1,608,988)	4,649,114	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
8110 Transfers out	_	_	(15,000)	(15,000)	
5130 Sale of surplus property	60,857	60,857	50,488	(10,369)	
Total other financing sources	60,857	60,857	35,488	(25,369)	
•					
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,854,645)	(6,197,245)	(1,573,500)	4,623,745	
Fund Balance - Beginning	10,160,759	10,160,759	10,160,759		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 8,306,114	\$ 3,963,514	\$ 8,587,259	\$ 4,623,745	

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues 1000 Revenue from local sources 1500 Earnings on investments and deposits 1900 Other revenue from local sources: 1990 Other	\$ 1,800 182,000	\$ 1,800 182,000	\$ - 27,534	\$ (1,800) (154,466)	
3000 Revenue from state sources 3100 Grants-in-aid: 3120 Restricted grants-in-aid	91,850 91,8		91,109	(741)	
4000 Revenue from federal sources 4100 Grants-in-aid: 4140 Restricted grants-in-aid received directly from federal government Total revenues	15,389,850 15,665,500	15,389,850 15,665,500	13,115,636 13,234,279	(2,274,214) (2,431,221)	
Expenditures 4000 Nonprogrammed charges 4200 Student financial aid Total expenditures	15,665,500 15,665,500	15,665,500 15,665,500	13,242,944 13,242,944	2,422,556 2,422,556	
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	-		(8,665)	(8,665)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 5110 Transfers in			15,000	(15,000)	
Total other financing sources			15,000	(15,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	6,335	(23,665)	
Fund Balance - Beginning					
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,335	\$ (23,665)	

Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the first regular School Board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- 2. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- 3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- 4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- 5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
- 6. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in Number 8.
- 7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5% of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when money is available to increase legal spending authority.
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the School Board.
- 10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 11. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Note 2 - U.S. GAAP and Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The School District is reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balances on the basis of GAAP, while the budgetary comparison schedules are presented on the budgetary basis to provide meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. There are no major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis presented.

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Employer's Percentage of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Employer's Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
SDRS	6/30/2022	1.5276%	\$ (11,698,510)	\$ 34,635,807	-33.8%	105.52%
SDRS	6/30/2021	1.5062%	(65,414)	33,028,183	-0.2%	100.04%
SDRS	6/30/2020	1.5163%	(160,684)	32,173,075	-0.5%	100.09%
SDRS	6/30/2019	1.5309%	(35,703)	31,818,773	-0.1%	100.02%
SDRS	6/30/2018	1.5315%	(138,984)	31,084,082	-0.4%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2017	1.4677%	4,957,654	27,889,214	17.8%	96.89%
SDRS	6/30/2016	1.4888%	(6,314,461)	27,170,807	-23.2%	104.10%
SDRS	6/30/2015	1.4482%	(10,433,894)	25,294,680	-41.2%	107.30%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note: The information disclosed for each fiscal year is reported as of the measurement date of the net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the preceding fiscal year.

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (d)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)
SDRS	6/30/2022	\$ 2,116,157	\$ 2,116,157	_	\$ 35,248,226	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2021	2,079,919	2,079,919	-	34,635,807	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2020	1,983,411	1,983,411	-	33,028,183	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2019	1,934,456	1,934,456	-	32,173,075	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2018	1,909,134	1,909,134	-	31,818,773	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2017	1,866,698	1,866,698	-	31,084,082	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2016	1,673,671	1,673,671	-	27,889,214	6.0%
SDRS	6/30/2015	1,630,885	1,630,885	-	27,170,807	6.0%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and two plan provision changes are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that, if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020, and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

Watertown School District No. 14-4

	Perkins Fund	Arrow Education Foundation	Totals		
Assets 101 Cash and cash equivalents 180 Investments 120 Accounts receivable, net 192 Prepaid expenses	\$ 46,910 - 227,338 -	\$ 224,715 2,861,889 - 2,000	\$ 271,625 2,861,889 227,338 2,000		
	\$ 274,248	\$ 3,088,604	\$ 3,362,852		
Liabilities 402 Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 11,233	\$ 11,233		
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	11,233	11,233		
Fund Balances 720 Restricted for:					
Perkins Arrow Education Foundation	274,248	3,077,371	274,248 3,077,371		
Total fund balances	274,248	3,077,371	3,351,619		
	\$ 274,248	\$ 3,088,604	\$ 3,362,852		

Watertown School District No. 14-4

Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Perkins Fund		Arrow Education Foundation		Totals
Revenues					
1000 Revenue from local sources					
1500 Earnings (losses) on investments	¢	8 Ś	(100 252)	۲	(100 245)
and deposits 1800 Post secondary:	\$	8 \$	(189,253)	\$	(189,245)
1860 Local fees	80	6	-		806
1900 Other revenue from local sources:					
1920 Contributions and donations		-	239,971		239,971
1990 Other		<u>-</u> _	56,449		56,449
Total revenues	81	4	107,167		107,981
Expenditures 2000 Support services 2500 Support services - business:					
2520 Fiscal services 2590 Other	72.64	- ว	125,676		125,676
	73,64	2	17,543		91,185
4000 Nonprogrammed charges 4200 Student financial aid 4900 Other nonprogrammed costs	119,03	5	- 193,076		119,035 193,076
. •		<u> </u>	·		
Total expenditures	192,67	<u> </u>	336,295		528,972
Excess of Revenue over (under) Expenditures	(191,86	3)	(229,128)		(420,991)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(191,86	3)	(229,128)		(420,991)
Fund Balance - Beginning	466,11	1	3,306,499		3,772,610
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 274,24	8 \$	3,077,371	\$	3,351,619

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds								
	Food Service Fund	Concessions Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Pre-School Services Fund	Bookstore Fund	LATC Food Service Fund	LATC Daycare Fund	Totals	
Assets									
Current assets									
101 Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 792,632	\$ 30,894	\$ 4,693	\$ 13,391	\$ 804,468	\$ 148,555	\$ 233,202	\$ 2,027,835	
180 Investments	325,792	7,350	521	9,488	635,742	99,740	83,372	1,162,005	
120 Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-	158,102	-	3,487	161,589	
130 Due from other fund	2,869	-	-	-	11,140	11,743	-	25,752	
140 Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,135	12,135	
170 Inventory of supplies	19,298	2,145	-	-	-	1,772	-	23,215	
171 Inventory of stores purchased for resale	3,765	-	-	-	451,854	6,056	-	461,675	
172 Inventory of donated food	215	-	-	-	-	-	-	215	
192 Prepaid expenses					141,718			141,718	
Total current assets	1,144,571	40,389	5,214	22,879	2,203,024	267,866	332,196	4,016,139	
Noncurrent assets									
196 Net pension asset	189,039	8,530	7,151	2,273	57,671	41,616	47,788	354,068	
200 Capital assets									
204 Machinery and equipment - local funds	•	5,847	-	-	12,979	27,842	13,034	603,491	
Less accumulated depreciation	(350,211)	(3,801)			(12,979)	(18,345)	(3,693)	(389,029)	
Total noncurrent assets	382,617	10,576	7,151	2,273	57,671	51,113	57,129	568,530	
Deferred outflows of resources									
252 Pension related deferred outflows	258,954	11,685	9,795	3,114	79,000	57,008	65,462	485,018	
	\$ 1,786,142	\$ 62,650	\$ 22,160	\$ 28,266	\$ 2,339,695	\$ 375,987	\$ 454,787	\$ 5,069,687	

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

				Enterpri	ise Funds			
Liabilities and Net Position	Food Service Fund	Concessions Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Pre-School Services Fund	Bookstore Fund	LATC Food Service Fund	LATC Daycare Fund	Totals
Liabilities and Net Fosition								
Liabilities 400 Current liabilities: 402 Accounts payable 404 Contracts payable 410 Due to other fund 450 Payroll deductions and withholdings and	\$ 15,198 3,863	\$	\$ 3,436 - -	\$ - 1,151 -	\$ 336,139 - -	\$ 5,172 2,180	\$ 2,450 12,159 2,869	\$ 362,395 19,353 2,869
employer matching payable 471 Deposits payable 475 Unearned revenue	526 100,591 508		- - -	334	461,676	293 - -	3,059 - -	4,212 100,591 462,184
Total current liabilities	120,686		3,436	1,485	797,815	7,645	20,537	951,604
Deferred inflows of resources 554 Pension related deferred inflows	365,210	16,480	13,814	4,391	111,416	80,400	92,323	684,034
Net Position 706 Net investment in capital assets 707.2 Restricted for pension benefits 708 Unrestricted net position	193,578 82,783 1,023,885	2,046 3,735 40,389	3,132 1,778	996 21,394	25,255 1,405,209	9,497 18,224 260,221	9,341 20,927 311,659	214,462 155,052 3,064,535
Total net position	1,300,246	46,170	4,910	22,390	1,430,464	287,942	341,927	3,434,049
	\$ 1,786,142	\$ 62,650	\$ 22,160	\$ 28,266	\$ 2,339,695	\$ 375,987	\$ 454,787	\$ 5,069,687

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds								
	Food Service Fund	Concessions Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Pre-School Services Fund	Bookstore Fund	LATC Food Service Fund	LATC Daycare Fund	Totals	
Operating Revenues Sales									
1340 Preschool tuition	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,490	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,490	
1610 To pupils	2,379	-	43,283		-	598,840	-	644,502	
1620 To adults	5,787	-	-	-	_	-	-	5,787	
1630 Ala carte	13,618	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,618	
1690 Other	22,357	122,501	-	-	-	-	-	144,858	
1720 Bookstore sales	-	-	-	-	3,507,631	-	-	3,507,631	
1980 Daycare charges for services					<u> </u>		313,325	313,325	
Total operating revenues	44,141	122,501	43,283	12,490	3,507,631	598,840	313,325	4,642,211	
Operating Expenses									
100 Salaries	734,141	51,663	34,486	6,907	173,870	151,995	202,837	1,355,899	
200 Employee benefits	120,502	4,060	3,805	1,339	34,087	27,803	39,293	230,889	
300 Purchased services	47,302	325	-	-	92,444	13,783	13,531	167,385	
400 Supplies	179,174	3,723	7,672	-	9,800	23,015	4,479	227,863	
461 Cost of sales - purchased	834,149	57,942	-	-	3,155,888	313,838	15,729	4,377,546	
462 Cost of sales - donated	128,529	-	-	-	-	-	-	128,529	
600 Other	23,962	-	-	-	-	-	298	24,260	
900 Depreciation	32,507	390				1,186	1,303	35,386	
Total operating expenses	2,100,266	118,103	45,963	8,246	3,466,089	531,620	277,470	6,547,757	
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,056,125)	4,398	(2,680)	4,244	41,542	67,220	35,855	(1,905,546)	

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds								
	Food Service Fund	Concessions Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Pre-School Services Fund	Bookstore Fund	LATC Food Service Fund	LATC Daycare Fund	Totals	
Nonoperating Revenue	·		·				·		
Local sources:									
1500 Investment earnings (losses)	(10,142)	(213)	(18)	(327)	(20,166)	(3,137)	(2,600)	(36,603)	
State sources:									
3810 Cash reimbursements	5,897	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,897	
Federal sources:									
4150 Federal grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,311	120,311	
4810 Cash reimbursements	2,233,518	-	-	-	-	-	22,102	2,255,620	
4820 Donated food	128,529							128,529	
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	2,357,802	(213)	(18)	(327)	(20,166)	(3,137)	139,813	2,473,754	
Change in Net Position	301,677	4,185	(2,698)	3,917	21,376	64,083	175,668	568,208	
Net Position - Beginning	998,569	41,985	7,608	18,473	1,409,088	223,859	166,259	2,865,841	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 1,300,246	\$ 46,170	\$ 4,910	\$ 22,390	\$ 1,430,464	\$ 287,942	\$ 341,927	\$ 3,434,049	

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Enterpri	se Funds			
	Food Service Fund	Concessions Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Pre-School Services Fund	Bookstore Fund	LATC Food Service Fund	LATC Daycare Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities Cash receipts from customers Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	\$ 42,286 (903,608) (1,145,937)	\$ 123,055 (57,910) (59,085)	\$ 43,283 (38,496) (5,841)	\$ 12,490 (8,788)	\$ 3,712,835 (223,601) (3,177,666)	\$ 598,915 (190,921) (347,454)	\$ 313,244 (252,569) (40,063)	\$ 4,846,108 (1,675,893) (4,776,046)
Net Cash from (used for) Operating Activities	(2,007,259)	6,060	(1,054)	3,702	311,568	60,540	20,612	(1,605,831)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Operating grants Operating subsidies	- 2,239,415	- -	- 	- 	- 	- 	120,311 22,102	120,311 2,261,517
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	2,239,415						142,413	2,381,828
Cash Flows from (used for) Investing Activities Purchase of investments Cash received for interest	(337,009) 1,075	(7,603) 40	(539) 	(9,815)	(657,630) 1,722	(103,174) 	(86,242) 270	(1,202,012) 3,404
Net Cash used for Investing Activities	(335,934)	(7,563)	(539)	(9,815)	(655,908)	(102,877)	(85,972)	(1,198,608)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(103,778)	(1,503)	(1,593)	(6,113)	(344,340)	(42,337)	77,053	(422,611)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	896,410	32,397	6,286	19,504	1,148,808	190,892	156,149	2,450,446
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 792,632	\$ 30,894	\$ 4,693	\$ 13,391	\$ 804,468	\$ 148,555	\$ 233,202	\$ 2,027,835

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Combining Statements of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

							Enterpri	se Fun	ds					
	Food Service Fund		essions und	Ed	rivers ucation Fund	S	e-School ervices Fund	B	ookstore Fund	Foo	LATC od Service Fund	 LATC Daycare Fund	То	tals
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cas from (used for) Operating Activities	h													
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,056,125)	\$	4,398	\$	(2,680)	\$	4,244	\$	41,542	\$	67,220	\$ 35,855	\$ (1,9	05,546)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) net cash from (used for) operating activities:		•	·	·	(, ,	·	,	·	,	·	,	,	,	, ,
Depreciation expense	32,507		390		-		-		-		1,186	1,303		35,386
Value of donated commodities used	128,529		-		-		-		-		· -		1	28,529
Change in assets and liabilities:														
Accounts receivable	784		554		-		-		4,113		75	474		6,000
Inventories	(6,767)		2,905		-		-		(98,540)		4,530	-	(97,872)
Due from other fund	(2,410)		-		-		-		(10,967)		(975)	-	(14,352)
Due from other governments	-		-		-		-		-		-	(10,194)	(10,194)
Prepaid expenses	-		-		-		-		(103,567)		-	-	(1	03,567)
Pension asset and deferred outflows	(296,539)		(12,249)		(1,884)		(3,368)		(87,212)		(58,344)	(73,798)	(5	33,394)
Accounts payable	(52,173)		-		1,831		-		294,605		(347)	1,299	2	45,215
Contracts payable	3,863		-		-		55		-		(636)	1,990		5,272
Payroll deductions and withholdings														
and employer matching payable	526		-		-		7		-		(91)	832		1,274
Due to other fund	-		-		-		-		(1,065)		(26)	2,869		1,778
Deposits payable	(3,147)		-		-		-		-		-	-		(3,147)
Unearned revenue	508		-		-		-		201,091		-	(555)	2	01,044
Pension liability and deferred inflows	243,185		10,062		1,679		2,764		71,568		47,948	 60,537	4	37,743
Net Cash from (used for) Operating Activities	\$ (2,007,259)	\$	6,060	\$	(1,054)	\$	3,702	\$	311,568	\$	60,540	\$ 20,612	\$ (1,6	05,831)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Value of commodities received Loss on investments not affecting	\$ 128,529	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1	28,529
operating income (loss)	(11,217)		(253)		(18)		(327)		(21,888)		(3,434)	(2,870)	(40,007)



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the School Board Watertown School District No. 14-4 Watertown, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Watertown School District No. 14-4 (the School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Watertown School District No. 14-4's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2023. In our report we expressed a disclaimer of opinion on the discretely presented component unit as the financial statements of the Lake Area Technical College Foundation have not been audited and we were not engaged to audit the Lake Area Technical College Foundation. In our report we also expressed a qualified opinion on the aggregate remaining fund information and the governmental activities which include the Arrow Education Foundation as the financial statements of the Arrow Education Foundation have not been audited and we were not engaged to audit the Arrow Education Foundation.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Watertown School District No. 14-4's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain aggregated deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Aberdeen, South Dakota

Esde Saelly LLP

January 20, 2023



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Directors
Watertown School District No. 14-4
Watertown, South Dakota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Watertown School District No. 14-4's (the School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
 and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
 not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal
 control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Aberdeen, South Dakota

Ed Sailly LLP

January 20, 2023

Watertown School District No. 14-4 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Pass-Through the SD Department of Education:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program	10.555	*	\$ 128,529	
Cash Assistance:	10.555		7 120,323	
School Breakfast Program	10.553	*	303,438	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	*	1,930,080	
Cash Assistance Total:			2,233,518	
Total for Child Nutrition Cluster	10.559	*	2,362,047	
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	*	22,102	
Ciliu and Addit Care 1000 Frogram	10.556		22,102	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,384,149	
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Federal Funding:				
Student Financial Aid - Cluster				
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	N/A	3,154,841	
Federal Workstudy Program	84.033	N/A	73,569	
FSEOG Program	84.007	N/A	65,000	
Perkins Loan Program (Note D)	84.038	N/A	385,688	
Direct Loan Program	84.268	N/A	7,269,669	
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			10,948,767	
Education Stabilization Fund				
Direct Award				
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund				
Student Portion	84.425E	N/A	2,548,210	
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund	04.4355	N1 / A	2 260 046	
Institutional Portion Passed through the SD Department of Education:	84.425F	N/A	2,268,846	
COVID-19 Elementary & Secondary Emergency				
Relief Fund	84.425D	*	1,952,444	
COVID- 19 - Elementary & Secondary Emergency				
Relief Fund	84.425U	*	1,209,324	
Total Education Stabilization Fund			7,978,824	

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/ Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
Pass-Through the SD Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Improving Teacher Quality State Grants State Personnel Development Grant (SPDG) School Improvements Grants Title IV - A	84.010 84.048 84.367 84.323A 84.377 84.424	* * * * *	608,513 649,441 275,206 97,546 41,150 75,568
Special Education Cluster: Special Education - Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Total for Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.173	*	1,178,634 34,055 1,212,689
Total U.S. Department of Education			21,887,704
U.S. Department of Justice Title V - Delinquency Prevention Program	16.548	*	64,845
Total U.S. Department of Justice			64,845
U.S. Department of Treasury Pass-Through the South Dakota Department of Education: Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	*	86,599
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			86,599
Institute Of Museum And Library Services Grants to States - Library Services and Technology	45.310		102,234
Total Institute Of Museum And Library Services			102,234
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	*	120,311
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			120,311
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 24,645,842

^{*} Pass-though identifying numbers were not provided.

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Watertown School District No. 14-4 (the School District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or fund balance, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has not elected to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.

Note 4 - Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2022, the School District had food commodities totaling \$215 in inventory.

Note 5 - Federal Student Loan Programs

The federal student loan programs listed subsequently are administered directly by Lake Area Technical College and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the School District's basic financial statements. No new loans were made during the year. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2022, for the Perkins Loan Program (CFDA # 84.038) was \$339,521.

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditor's report issued

Discretely Presented Component Unit
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information
Governmental Activities
All Other Opinion Units
Disclaimer
Qualified
Qualified
Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses identified Yes

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

FEDERAL AWARDS

Internal control over major program:

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not

considered to be material weaknesses Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516 Yes

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program	CFDA Number
Student Financial Aid Cluster	
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063
Federal Workstudy Program	84.033
FSEOG Program	84.007
Direct Loan Program	84.268
Perkins Loan Program	84.038
Education Stabilization Fund	
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425D
COVID-19 - Elementary & Secondary Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER)	84.425U
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Student	84.425E
COVID-19 - Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Institutional	84.425F
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	
and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2022-001 Auditor Preparation of Financial Statements, Audit Adjustments and Passed Audit Adjustments, and Adjustments to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Material Weakness

Criteria: The School District's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements, including required footnote disclosures and schedule of expenditures of federal awards (SEFA), which includes having an adequate internal control system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements being audited in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition: As the auditor, we prepared the financial statements and required footnote disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2022. As part of audit procedures and preparation of the financial statements, we identified and proposed various audit adjustments and adjustments to the SEFA, some of which were material, that were not identified by the School District's current internal controls. We also identified certain misstatements, deemed to be immaterial individually and in the aggregate to the financial statements as a whole, that were passed on for adjustment by management.

Cause: The School District's internal controls, as currently designed, did not identify and detect the misstatements noted during our audit, resulting in proposed audit adjustments and identified passed audit adjustments, as well as corrections to the SEFA. Additionally, the auditor was requested to prepare the complete financial statements and related required footnotes.

Effect: The presence of identified audit adjustments and passed audit adjustments may affect the condition of financial information throughout the year being used by management in analysis and decision making and increase the risk that potential misstatements remain present in the financial statements. The auditor's preparation of the financial statements and footnotes may also affect the School District's ability to summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management.

Recommendation: We recommend management perform a thorough review of the auditor-prepared financial statements, audit adjustments and adjustments made to the SEFA, as well as account balances in each fund to ensure all necessary adjustments are reflected in the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with the auditor's role in preparation of the financial statements and footnotes.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management agrees with the finding.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2022-002 Department of Education

Student Financial Aid Cluster
CFDA # 84.268 – Federal Direct Student Loans
2021-2022 Award Year

Special Tests and Provisions – Return of Title IV Funds
Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls over Compliance

Criteria: 34 CFR 668.22 sets forth the criteria for timely withdrawal determination requirement for return of Title IV funds.

Condition: 1 of 30 students selected for testing had a withdrawal determination date outside of the 30 day requirement. For a student who withdraws without providing notification from a school that is not required to take attendance, the school must determine the withdrawal date no later than 30 days after the end of the earlier of 1) the payment period or the period of enrollment, 2) the academic year, or 3) the student's educational program.

Cause: Student was part of the agriculture program and was intended to finish the semester with an internship. LATC was notified outside of the 30-day requirement by the employer that the internship did not take place.

Effect: The error in withdrawal determination resulted in determination dates outside of the required timeframe which will result in return of direct loans outside of the required timeframe.

Questioned Costs: None.

Context/Sampling: A nonstatistical sample of 30 students with a withdrawal status out of 146 students with a withdrawal status were selected for testing of return of Title IV Funds requirements.

Repeat Finding from Prior Year(s): No.

Recommendation: We recommend the financial aid and registrar's offices implement controls to verify intended internships beginning during an in-progress semester have, in fact, started. We also recommend a follow up within 20 days of semester end to ensure internships were completed.

Views of Responsible Officials: Management agrees with the finding.



WATERTOWN SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 14-4

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Management's Response to Auditor's Findings: Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan June 30, 2022

Prepared by Management of

Watertown School District #14-4

Finding 2021-001

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2021

Finding Summary: Eide Bailly LLP prepared our draft financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements. As part of audit procedures and preparation of the financial statements, we identified and proposed various audit adjustments and adjustments to the SEFA, some of which were material, that were not identified by the School District's current internal controls. They also identified certain misstatements, deemed to be immaterial individually and in the aggregate to the financial statements as a whole, that were passed on for adjustment by management. Lastly, they identified certain errors in previously issued financial statements resulting in a restatement of beginning fund balance and net position that were not identified by management in the prior year.

Status: Ongoing, except for the prior year finding related to restatement of beginning fund balance and net position which corrective action was taken.

Finding 2021-002

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2021

Finding Summary: During audit procedures, it was noted that certain asset and liability balances reconciled were not reviewed to ensure they were reconciled accurately, and any needed adjustment was appropriate. The auditors also noted that manual adjusting journal entries posted to the financial statement accounts were not being reviewed by someone other than the preparer to ensure the entry was accurate, supported, and had a valid purpose. Lastly, it was noted that certain account balances subject to accounting estimate, deemed by the auditor to be significant in nature, were not reviewed for reasonableness and potential bias by an individual other than who prepared and recorded the estimate.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Finding 2021-003

Federal Agency Name: Department of Education

Program Name: Student Financial Aid

CFDA #: 84.268 - Federal Direct Student Loans

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2021

Finding Summary: 27 of the 60 students selected for testing the reporting of student status changes had status change certification dates outside of the required 60 days from the effective date based on NSLDS Enrollment Reporting guidance. 10 of the 60 students selected for testing the reporting of student status changes were reported with the incorrect enrollment status based on NSLDS Enrollment Reporting guidance. 5 of the 60 students selected for testing the reporting of student status changes were reported to NSLDS with an incorrect status effective date based on NSLDS Enrollment Reporting guidance.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Finding 2021-003

Federal Agency Name: Department of Education

Program Name: Student Financial Aid

CFDA #: 84.033 – Federal Workstudy Program

CFDA #: 84.007 – Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG)

CFDA #: 84.038 – Federal Perkins Loan Program

Initial Fiscal Year Finding Occurred: 2021

Finding Summary: In testing key line items as indicated in the compliance supplement, the auditors noted 4 line items for which amounts reported in the FISAP did not agree to supporting records and documentation that were provided during testing.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Finding 2022-001

Finding Summary: Eide Bailly LLP prepared the financial statements and required footnote

disclosures for the year ended June 30, 2022. As part of audit procedures and preparation of the financial statements, they identified and proposed various audit adjustments and adjustments to the SEFA, some of which were material, that were not identified by current internal controls. They also identified certain misstatements, deemed to be immaterial individually and in the aggregate to the financial statements as a whole, that were passed on for

adjustment by management.

Responsible Individuals: Heidi Clausen, Business Manager

Corrective Action Plan: It is not cost effective to have an internal control system designed to provide for

the preparation of the financial statements and accompanying notes. We request that our auditors, Eide Bailly LLP, prepare the financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements as a part of their annual audit. We have designated a member of management to review the drafted financial statements and accompanying notes, and we have reviewed with and

agree with the material adjustments proposed during the audit.

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Finding 2022-002

Federal Agency Name: Department of Education Program Name: Student Financial Aid Cluster CFDA # 84.268 - Federal Direct Student Loans

Special Tests and Provisions – Return of Title IV Funds

Finding Summary: 1 of 30 students tested for return of Title IV had a withdrawal determination

date outside of the 30-day requirement. For a student who withdraws without providing notification from a school that is not required to take attendance, the school much determine the withdrawal date no later than 30 days after the end of the earlier of 1) the payment period or the period of enrollment, 2)

the academic year, or 3) the student's educational program.

Responsible Individuals: Eric Schultz, Director of Enrollment and Marlene Seeklander, Director of Financial

Aid

Corrective Action Plan:

The Registrar's Office will take the following action: For all programs that have SOE/Internship/Clinical experiences, a roster will be generated, and the instructors will be required to verify that the student has been placed and is actively participating in the SOE/Internship/Clinical. Moving forward, this will be a reminder that is emphasized on a regular basis. At the instructor in-service sessions in August, the Director or Enrollment and Director of Financial Aid present a session which is a series of reminders and other important information that instructors need to know. While we already address the need to notify the Registration Office that a student is no longer attending, we plan to expand on that topic. We will include a slide with the audit finding as outlined so they can see the audit ramifications it has on LATC. We will also explain that this is an institutional responsibility, which includes all staff, all program instructors and all adjuncts.

Anticipated Completion Date: C

Ongoing